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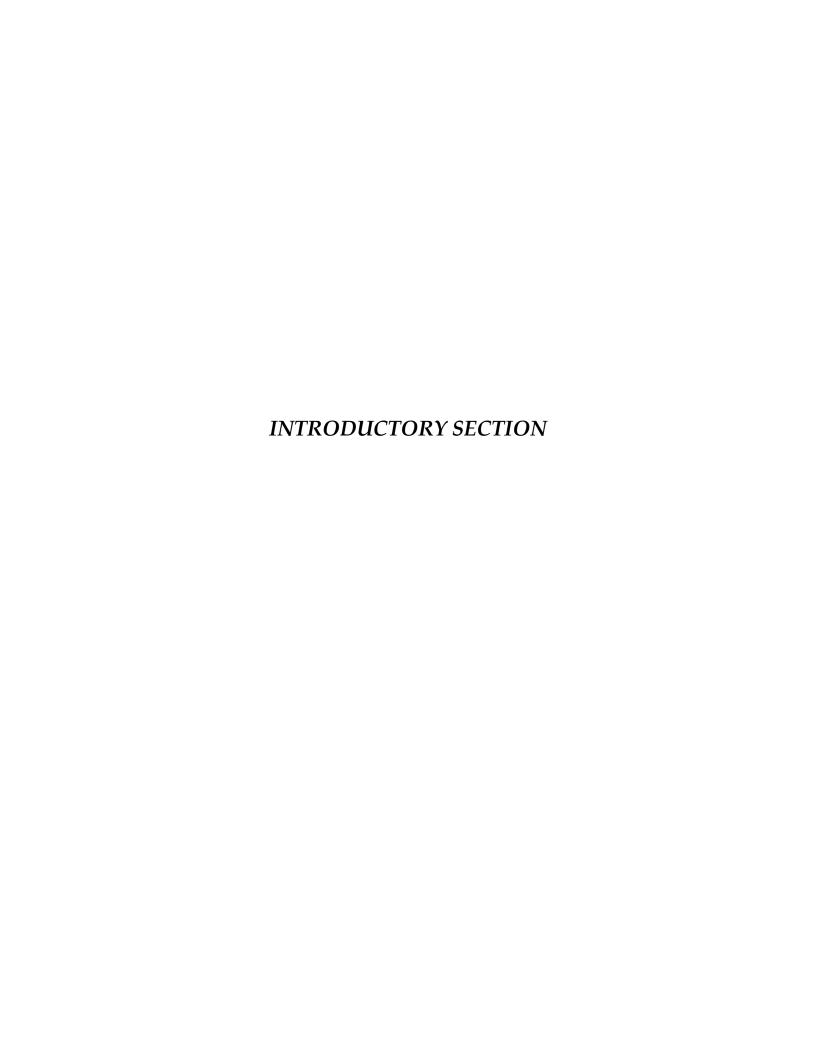
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November 18, 2014

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Heath, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2014. The purpose of the report is to provide the Council, management, staff, the public and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the City's financial condition.

THE REPORT

The Texas Local Government Code (103.001) requires annual audits of municipalities. This requirement has been fulfilled and the independent auditors' report is included with this report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To the best of our k nowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosure necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities has been included.

Brooks Cardiel and Company, PLLC. has issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Heath's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2014. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Heath is located in southwestern Rockwall County and northern Kaufman County along the eastern shore of Lake Ray Hubbard. Heath is conveniently positioned just minutes from Interstate Highway 30 to the north and U. S. Highway 80 to the south providing easy access to the Dallas/Fort Worth Metroplex. The City is primarily residential but has seen growth in its commercial development over the past few years. Within the guidelines set forth in the City's Comprehensive Master Plan, the City Council and the Economic Development Corporation continue to actively pursue and promote commercial development in the City of Heath.

The City of Heath was incorporated in 1959 under the general laws of the State of Texas and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the Mayor and six other at-large members. The term of office is two years, with the terms of the Mayor and two of the Council members expiring in even numbered years and the terms of the other four Council members expiring in odd-numbered years. The City Manager is the Chief administrative and executive officer of the City.

The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of streets and municipal buildings, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, economic development, and general administrative services. In addition to general governmental activities, the City provides water, sewer, and sanitation services. S ewage treatment is provided by the North Texas Municipal Water District (NTMWD) and Progressive Waste provides sanitation collection. NTMWD provides water to the City of Rockwall who, in turn, provides water to the City of Heath.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

According to the Federal Reserve Bank of D allas' October 2014 Reg ional Economic Update, "The regional economy continues to expand at a rapid pace. Employment grew at a faster rate in the third quarter than in the second. The Texas Business Outlook Surveys (TBOS) point to continued growth in the manufacturing and service sectors in October. Despite the recent decline in oil prices, activity in the energy sector remains vigorous." "Texas payroll employment increased 3.2 percent in September, down from August's 4.1 percent growth. Overall, job growth accelerated to 3.9 percent in the third quarter." "The Texas housing sector continues to see moderate growth, with homes sales and tight inventories pushing up prices. Texas home price gains have decelerated this year, although year to date through September, prices have appreciated faster in Texas than in the U.S." "Falling oil prices and persistent labor shortages pose potential headwinds for future expansion. However most indicators of economic activity point toward sustained growth for the rest of the year and into 2015,"

The City's Fiscal Year 2014 Assessed Value increased \$47M, or 4.34%, over the Fiscal Year 2013 Assessed Value. This marks the first time since Fiscal Year 2010 that Assessed Values increased over the prior year. The City realized 11% growth in both the number and value of residential permits issued in 2014. One commercial permit was issued for the construction of a CVS in a new retail development. Improvement to FM 740 has positively affected developer interest in the City. The increase in construction and retail sales accounts for the majority of the \$58,720 increase in sales tax revenue. Fiscal Year 2014 is the second consecutive year sales tax revenue has increased at least 13%. Franchise revenue was up \$77,950 or 17.41% over the prior year. All of these indicators point to a recovering economy and growth in the City of Heath.

Economic Indicators								
	FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014							
Assessed Value	1,101,524,185	1,089,241,489	1,087,289,484	1,084,966,301	1,132,098,307			
Residential Permits	35	31	47	64	71			
Sales Tax Revenue	\$379,788	\$369,548	\$376,400	\$433,029	\$491,749			
Franchise Fees	\$427,111	\$466,218	\$498,209	\$447,833	\$525,783			

Projections based on future development played a key role during the 2015 budget process. The Fiscal Year 2015 Budget assumed the cost of the City's immediate needs exceeded revenues and excess fund balance was used to balance the budget. Excess Fund Balance is defined as available funds above the target Fund Balance of 25% of budgeted expenditures. The 2015 Budget also assumed various user fees would be adjusted to cover the cost of providing the related service. Water rates were increased to offset the increase in the cost of purchased water. Rates for sewer treatment and sanitation collection remained unchanged. Healthy fund balances were maintained in both the General Fund and the Utility Fund.

The City continued to move toward completion on several capital improvement projects during Fiscal Year 2014. Towne Center Drive was opened to the public prior to the beginning of the 2014-15 school year. The project has successfully reduced traffic around Amy Parks during the time students are being

dropped off in the morning and picked up in the afternoon. The project has also provided additional parking for visitors of the Town Center Park. Improvements to Country Club Drive and the construction of the Stoneleigh Pedestrian Bridge were both completed in 2014. Construction began on several projects including: Phase 2 of the FM740 Utility Relocation; Shepherds Glen Force Main and Gravity Sewer; Safe Routes to School; FM-549 Water Line; and the Terry Park Seawall. Several of these projects will be completed in early 2015. Engineering began on several projects including: Jeff Boyd Water Line; Rabbit Ridge Road and Water Line; and the Crisp Lane. The City is committed to completing the Capital Improvement Program projects in a timely manner.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Financial Planning - Users of this document, as well as others interested in the programs and services offered by the City of Heath, are encouraged to read the City's 2013-2014 Fiscal Year Budget. The document details the City's long-term goals and financial policies, describes program accomplishments and initiatives, and outlines the City's capital improvement program. The document can be obtained from the City of Heath finance department by calling (972) 961-4896. The budget can also be accessed through the City's web site at www.heathtx.com. Use the department tab to select *Finance* where *Related Documents* offers a selection of annual operating budgets, as well as, annual financial reports.

Financial Policies – The City's fund balance/operating position concept continues to be an important factor in policy decisions. The policy notes that the City's target unassigned fund balance is 25% of budgeted general fund expenditures. During times of economic uncertainty, the fund balance may exceed the target in anticipation of future revenue shortfalls. These monies will be used to avoid cash flow interruptions, generate interest income, reduce the need for short-term borrowing, and as sist in maintaining a high grade, high quality investment rating.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control - In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from the control. The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. We believe that the City's current system of internal accounting controls adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general fund, enterprise funds, and debt service fund are included in the annual budget. The level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount, is established at the divisional level. Examples of a Division include Streets, Engineering, and Parks. These Divisions are part of the Public Works Department. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. The Finance Department generates monthly reports that detail expenditures and revenue on a division and line item level. The reports provide monthly expenditures with year-to-date totals along with a comparison to budget giving a budget balance and expended percentage. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues meeting its responsibilities for sound financial management.

Tax Rates – All eligible property within the City is subject to assessment, levy, and collection of an ad valorem tax sufficient to provide for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding bonds within the limits prescribed by law, and the payment of maintenance and operation costs as approved by the City Council.

Under state law, the City is limited to a maximum tax rate of \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation. The tax rate adopted by the City Council has historically been substantially lower than the maximum provided by law. Allocations of property tax levy by purpose for Fiscal Year 2014 is \$.2636 for maintenance and operations and \$.0797 for debt service on each one hundred dollars of assessed value.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit – The City of Heath's financial statements have been audited by BrooksCardiel and Company, PLLC. Their responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's financial statements. They conducted the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that they plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free of material misstatements. The independent auditors issued an unqualified opinion concluding that the statements are presented fairly in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The independent auditors' report is included in the CAFR.

Awards – The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Heath for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. This was the fifth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one y ear only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the period beginning October 1, 2013. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

Acknowledgments – The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department and our independent auditors. We would like to express sincere appreciation to all employees who contributed to its preparation.

We would also like to thank the Mayor and Ci ty Council members for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Ed Thatcher City Manager

Thatoher

Laurie Mays

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

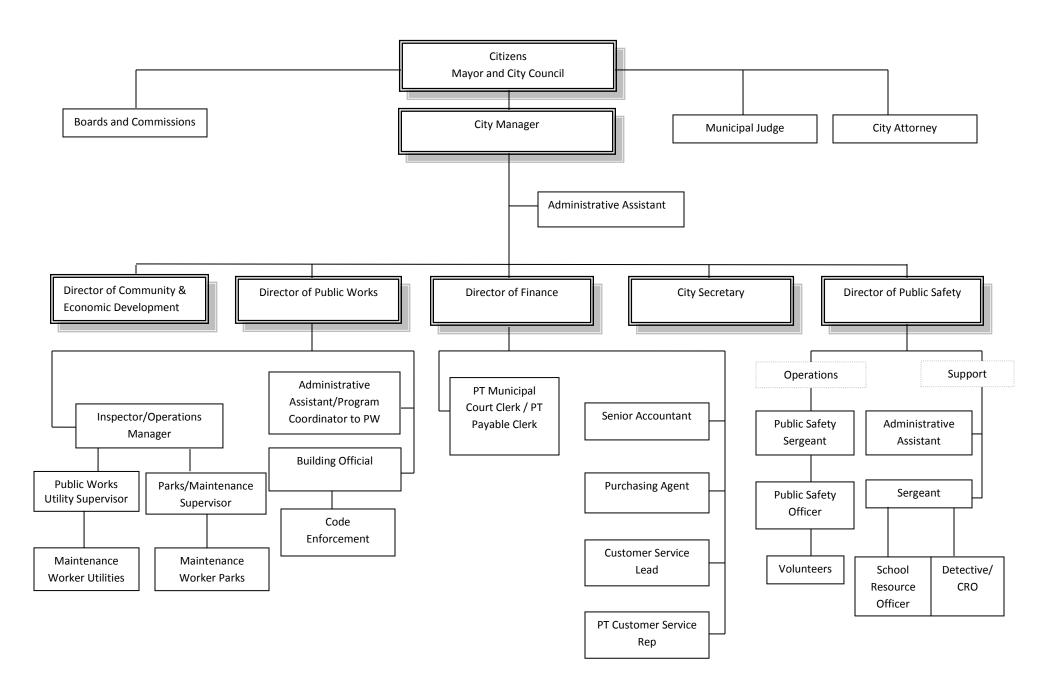
Presented to

City of Heath Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

CITY COUNCIL

Lorne Liechty, Mayor

Justin Holland, Mayor Pro Tem

Kevin Lamberth, Council Member, Place 1 Brian Berry, Council Member, Place 5

Joe Chamberlain, Council Member, Place 3 Rich Krause, Council Member, Place 6

Barry Brooks, Council Member, Place 4

CITY STAFF

Ed Thatcher, City Manager

Andy Messer, City Attorney Stephanie Galanides, City Secretary

David Herbert, Public Works Terry Garrett, Department of Public Safety

Kim Dobbs, Community Development Roy Stacy, Municipal Court Judge

Laurie Mays, Finance

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Heath, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Heath, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based one our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes

evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining balance sheet, statement of revenues, schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual for the debt service fund, Heath, Economic Development Corporation, and Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation, as well as the Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Streets Escrow Fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information noted above is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

BrooksCardiel, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Buodes Candiel, PUC

The Woodlands, Texas

November 18, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) September 30, 2014

As management of the City of Heath, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities (net position) at September 30, 2014 by \$44,997,616. Of this amount, \$35,160,242 (net investment in capital assets) has been invested in the City's infrastructure, buildings, and other assets.
- The City's total net position increased by \$509,708. The majority of the City's net position is either invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purposes. The increase is related to the City's current year investment in capital assets.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,677,762 at September 30, 2014, an increase of \$13,309,514 from the prior fiscal year; this includes an increase of \$13,190,361 in the capital improvement fund, a decrease of \$260,340 in the debt service fund, and a decrease of \$4,855 in the general fund.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,534,965 or 53% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's outstanding bonds payable demonstrated a net increase of \$12,832,916. The total bonds payable at the close of the fiscal year was \$40,720,000 including self-supporting debt of the proprietary fund which was \$15,536,894.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities. The difference between the two is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer and solid waste operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Heath Economic Development Corporation (HEDC) and Health Municipal Benefits Corporation (HMBC) for which the City is financially accountable. These component units, although also legally separate, function for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable* resources, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and the capital improvement fund, which are considered to be major funds. The City's public safety fund, the Heath Economic Development Corporation, and Heath Municipal Benefit Corporation are considered nonmajor for reporting purposes.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and debt service fund, the Heath EDC, and the Heath MBC. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer and its solid waste operations. All activities associated with providing such services are accounted for in these funds, including administration, operation, maintenance, debt service, capital improvements, meter maintenance, billing and collection. The City's intent is that costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis is financed through user charges in a manner similar to a private enterprise.

Proprietary financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer fund since it is considered a major fund of the City.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds *are not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains one type of fiduciary fund. The *Streets Escrow fund* is used to report resources held in escrow prior to determination of usage or refunding to developers.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

Component Units

The City maintains the accounting and financial statements for two component units. The Heath Economic Development Corporation and Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation are reported as blended component units and are nonmajor funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required* supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison for the general fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City of Heath, assets exceed liabilities by \$44,997,616 as of September 30, 2014, in the primary government.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$35,160,242, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, city hall, police station, streets, and drainage systems, as well as the public works facilities), less any debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

Statement of Net Position:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	2014				2013							
	Governmental		Business-Type					Governmental		Business-Type		
		Activities	Activities		Total		Activities		Activities		Total	
Current and				_								
other assets	\$	23,633,682	\$	10,186,251	\$	33,819,933	\$	9,948,714	\$	13,966,738	\$	23,915,452
Capital assets, net		27,081,817		28,363,779		55,445,596		24,931,992		25,942,494		50,874,486
Total Assets		50,715,499		38,550,030		89,265,529		34,880,706		39,909,232		74,789,938
Total Deferred Outflows		55,137		144,240		199,377		64,776		163,722		228,498
Other liabilities		2,071,047		1,879,294		3,950,341		437,140		398,036		835,176
Long-term liabilities		25,421,872		15,095,077		40,516,949		11,679,793		18,015,559		29,695,352
Total Liabilities		27,492,919		16,974,371		44,467,290		12,116,933		18,413,595		30,530,528
				_								
Net Position:												
Net investment												
in capital assets		17,139,345		18,020,897		35,160,242		13,894,049		14,592,909		28,486,958
Restricted		19,981,226		-		19,981,226		6,690,500		-		6,690,500
Unrestricted		(13,842,854)		3,699,002		(10,143,852)		2,244,000		7,066,450		9,310,450
Total Net Position	\$	23,277,717	\$	21,719,899	\$	44,997,616	\$	22,828,549	\$	21,659,359	\$	44,487,908

Due to the current year's bond issuance, current assets increased by \$13,684,968 Other liabilities increased due to capital improvement projects that started, but did not finish in the current year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

Statement of Activities:

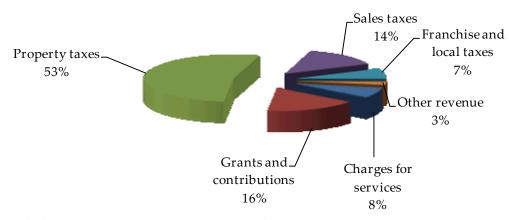
The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

0 1	For the Year Ended September 30, 2014			For the Year Ended September 30, 2013			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 549,526	\$ 5,514,782	\$ 6,064,308	\$ 445,830	\$ 5,986,342	\$ 6,432,172	
Grants and contributions	1,211,232	-	1,211,232	1,007,052	317,567	1,324,619	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	3,894,536	-	3,894,536	3,770,807	-	3,770,807	
Sales taxes	994,460	-	994,460	866,055	-	866,055	
Franchise and local taxes	531,528	-	531,528	500,529	-	500,529	
Investment income	8,187	7,037	15,224	10,280	9,703	19,983	
Other revenues	180,712	-	180,712	102,460	-	102,460	
Total Revenues	7,370,181	5,521,819	12,892,000	6,703,013	6,313,612	13,016,625	
Expenses							
General government	1,037,325	-	1,037,325	1,130,893	-	1,130,893	
Public safety	2,924,001	-	2,924,001	2,594,015	-	2,594,015	
Public works	2,064,771	-	2,064,771	2,010,404	-	2,010,404	
Culture and recreation	250,703	-	250,703	232,883	-	232,883	
Economic development	121,733	-	121,733	45,149	-	45,149	
Economic opportunity	29,413	-	29,413	46,407	-	46,407	
Interest and fiscal charges	697,067	1,111,490	1,808,557	487,552	964,793	1,452,345	
Water, sewer, & solid waste		4,145,789	4,145,789		4,191,310	4,191,310	
Total Expenses	7,125,013	5,257,279	12,382,292	6,547,303	5,156,103	11,703,406	
Change in Net Position							
Before Transfers	245,168	264,540	509,708	155,710	1,157,509	1,313,219	
Transfers	204,000	(204,000)		40,000	(40,000)		
Total	204,000	(204,000)		40,000	(40,000)		
Change in Net Position	449,168	60,540	509,708	195,710	1,117,509	1,313,219	
Beginning Net Position	22,828,549	21,659,359	44,487,908	22,632,839	20,541,850	43,174,689	
Ending Net Position	\$ 23,277,717	\$ 21,719,899	\$ 44,997,616	\$ 22,828,549	\$ 21,659,359	\$ 44,487,908	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables are displayed below to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

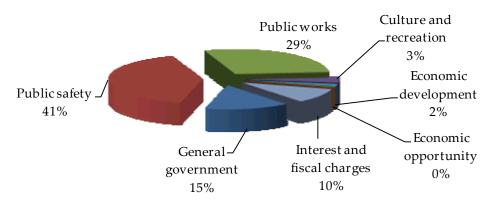
Governmental Activities - Revenues



For the year ended September 30, 2014, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$7,370,181. Property tax, franchise tax and sales tax are the City's largest general revenue sources. Sales tax increased \$128,405 or 15% due to cyclical business activities within the City. Grants and contributions increased by \$204,180 due to a contribution of road construction from the Texas Department of Transportation.

This graph shows the governmental function expenses of the City:

Governmental Activities - Expenses

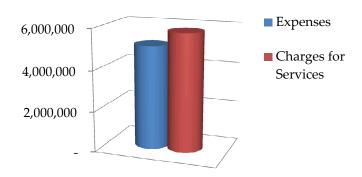


For the year ended September 30, 2014, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$7,125,013. This represents an increase of \$577,710. This increase stems from a 13% increase in public safety expenditures, the majority of which was an increase in salaries and overtime paid. The City's largest functional expense is public safety of \$2,924,001. All remaining categories remained relatively consistent with the previous year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

Business-type activities are shown comparing operating costs to revenues generated by related services.

Business-Type Activities - Revenues and Expenses



For the year ended September 30, 2014, charges for services by business-type activities totaled \$5,514,782. This is a decrease of \$471,560, or 8%, from the previous year. This increase directly relates to water conservation efforts that occurred within the City.

Total expenses increased \$101,176 to a total of \$5,257,279, a change of 2%.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At September 30, 2014, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$22,677,762, an increase of \$13,309,514 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 11% of this amount, \$2,534,965, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, committed, assigned, or restricted. Nonspendable fund balance indicates that it is not in spendable form. The City had \$19,013 in nonspendable funds at year end. Committed fund balance can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the City Council. The City had \$11,000 in committed funds at year end. Assigned fund balance is limited for specific purposes intended by council or management. The City had \$131,558 in assigned funds at year end. Restricted fund balance represents funds that are restricted by law, debt agreements, or grantors for particular purposes. The City had \$19,981,226 in restricted funds at year end.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

As of the end of the year the general fund reflected a total fund balance of \$2,564,978. Fund balance decreased by \$4,855 due to increased spending within the general fund.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned (the amount available for spending) fund balance of the general fund of \$2,534,965 is 53% of total general fund expenditures.

The debt service fund had an ending fund balance of \$569,257 at September 30, 2014 compared to the previous year's balance of \$829,527. This is a change of \$260,340 due to planned decrease in fund balance.

The capital improvements fund had a net increase in fund balance of \$13,190,361 due to the issuance of debt. During the year, the City expended \$3,772,108 on improving the City's infrastructure in cooperation with the Texas Department of Transportation, compared to prior year expenses of \$806,680 for capital improvements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position in the water and sewer fund totaled \$21,616,666. Unrestricted net position of the fund at the close of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,595,769. The capital assets of the water and sewer fund had a net book value of \$28,363,779. The City operates and maintains a water and sewer distribution system with force mains and lift stations. Other factors concerning the finances of the water and sewer enterprise fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities; however, the following are additional comments regarding operations of the enterprise fund:

Net increases to capital assets were \$2,421,285, the majority of which is classified as construction in progress at September 30, 2014. Operational expenses excluding depreciation and amortization were \$2,698,716. Cash and cash equivalents in the water and sewer fund were \$9,050,134 at fiscal year end.

The City's nonmajor solid waste fund recorded a decrease of \$16,774 in net position. This fund does not hold any capital assets and consists of contracting solid waste pick up and disposal; as well as collecting payment for this service from the City's residents.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget amendments approved during the fiscal year total a net increase of zero in total expenditures. There was a positive variance of \$230,674 over budgeted general fund revenues. The following are additional comments regarding appropriations:

- There was a positive variance of \$402,540 in budgeted appropriations.
- \$633,214 is the surplus of revenues over expenditures before transfers.
- There was a net decrease in fund balance of \$4,855. The original budget planned for a decrease of \$372,525 and the final budget planned for a decrease of \$637,525.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of the end of the year, the City's governmental activities funds had invested \$27,081,817 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. The City's business-type activities funds had invested \$28,363,779 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, park improvements, and infrastructure. The City's total investment in capital assets increased by \$4,571,100 due to improvements made to the City's infrastructure in the current year.

Major capital asset events during the current year include the following:

- Contributed assets valued at \$1,004,919 consisting of ongoing trail system construction, currently classified as construction in progress.
- The addition of \$3,375,343 in business-type construction in progress.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note IV. C to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt obligations of \$40,720,000. Of this amount, \$15,536,894 is self-supporting through revenues collected from the rates of the City's water and sewer fund. All of the City's debt is backed by a full-faith credit pledge of property taxes with a limited pledge of revenues of the enterprise/water and sewer system. The City monitors its debt obligations and callable bonds for refinancing opportunities with market conditions.

During the current year the City issued a bond for \$14,205,000. The City also transferred bond proceeds and related debt from the business-type activities to the governmental activities in the amount of \$1,135,657.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2014

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note IV. D to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City Council approved a tax rate for the fiscal year 2015 budget of \$.4266 per \$100 of assessed value. This was a \$.0833 increase over the prior year's tax rate. Of the \$.0833 increase \$.0733 is allocated to the Debt Service Fund and \$.01 is allocated to the General Fund. For the second consecutive year assessed values increased over the prior year. Ad valorem tax revenue increased \$931,000 and \$311,600 in the Debt Service Fund and the General Fund, respectively. The increase in the Debt Service Fund revenue resulted, primarily, from the rate increase required to repay debt issued in fiscal year 2014. The fiscal year 2015 budget included additional funding for street repairs and maintenance, vehicle and equipment replacement and salaries and benefits. The City added 2 full-time positions and 2 part-time positions in response to the increase in both residential and commercial development. The budget also included an increase for the purchase of wholesale water and wastewater treatment.

Debt was issued in 2014 to fund several general government capital improvement projects. The focus over the past two years has been on capital improvement needs. The City Council identified several priority projects and issued debt in 2013 and 2014 to fund these projects. Projects funded by this debt include street improvements and expansions; park and trail system improvements and water and wastewater infrastructure upgrades.

Future operational and capital improvement budgets and rate planning will be of utmost importance as the City continues to grow. The City will continue to work toward diversifying its revenue base with emphasis on increasing commercial development within the guidelines of the Comprehensive Master Plan. Commercial retailers and businesses remain very interested in the City of Heath.

The City continues to maintain fund balances equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Finance Department at 200 Laurence Drive, Heath Texas 75032 or call (972) 961-4896.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2014

	Primary Government						
	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-Type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,008,096	\$	8,663,702	\$	31,671,798	
Restricted cash		-		440,710		440,710	
Receivables, net		523,533		1,063,558		1,587,091	
Inventory		-		10,321		10,321	
Prepaids		19,013		7,960		26,973	
Total Current Assets		23,550,642		10,186,251		33,736,893	
Land held for sale		83,040		-		83,040	
Capital assets:							
Non-depreciable		6,273,677		3,744,048		10,017,725	
Net depreciable capital assets		20,808,140		24,619,731		45,427,871	
		27,164,857		28,363,779		55,528,636	
Total Assets		50,715,499		38,550,030		89,265,529	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred charge on refunding		55,137		144,240		199,377	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities		665,422		745,763		1,411,185	
Accrued interest payable		281,882		78,702		360,584	
Customer deposits		31,500		135,753		167,253	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year		1,092,243		919,076		2,011,319	
Due in more than one year		25,421,872		15,095,077		40,516,949	
Total Liabilities		27,492,919		16,974,371		44,467,290	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		17,139,345		18,020,897		35,160,242	
Restricted for:							
Debt service		569,257		-		569,257	
Capital improvement		16,474,949		-		16,474,949	
Economic development		1,318,338		-		1,318,338	
Economic opportunities		1,596,112		-		1,596,112	
Public safety		22,570		-		22,570	
Unrestricted		(13,842,854)		3,699,002		(10,143,852)	
Total Net Position	\$	23,277,717	\$	21,719,899	\$	44,997,616	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Program Revenues									
				Operating		Capital					
		C	Charges for	G	rants and	Grants and					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		ntributions				
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ 1,037,325	\$	45,070	\$	-	\$	-				
Public safety	2,924,001		437,582		206,313		1,004,919				
Public works	2,064,771		60,684		-		-				
Culture and recreation	250,703		6,190		-		-				
Economic development	121,733		-		-		-				
Economic opportunity	29,413		-		-		-				
Interest and fiscal charges	697,067		-		-		-				
Total Governmental Activities	7,125,013		549,526		206,313		1,004,919				
Business-Type Activities	 										
Water & sewer	4,779,334		4,973,658		-		-				
Solid waste	477,945		541,124		-		-				
Total Business-Type Activities	5,257,279		5,514,782		-		-				
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,382,292	\$	6,064,308	\$	206,313	\$	1,004,919				

General Revenues:

Taxes

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise and local taxes

Alcoholic beverage taxes

Investment income

Other revenues

Transfers:

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Beginning Net Position

Ending Net Position

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government									
G	overnmental	Βι	ısiness-Type						
	Activities		Activities		Total				
\$	(992,255)	\$	-	\$	(992,255)				
	(1,275,187)		-		(1,275,187)				
	(2,004,087)		-		(2,004,087)				
	(244,513)		-		(244,513)				
	(121,733)		-		(121,733)				
	(29,413)		-		(29,413)				
	(697,067)		-		(697,067)				
	(5,364,255)		-		(5,364,255)				
	_								
	-		194,324		194,324				
			63,179		63,179				
	-		257,503		257,503				
	(5,364,255)		257,503		(5,106,752)				
	3,894,536		-		3,894,536				
	994,460		-		994,460				
	525,783		-		525,783				
	5,745		-		5,745				
	8,187		7,037		15,224				
	180,712		-		180,712				
	204,000		(204,000)		-				
	5,813,423		(196,963)		5,616,460				
	449,168		60,540		509,708				
	22,828,549		21,659,359		44,487,908				
\$	23,277,717	\$	21,719,899	\$	44,997,616				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2014

	General		Debt Service		Capital Improvements		Other overnmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,609,070	\$ 565,258	\$	16,855,103	\$	2,978,665
Receivables, net		317,630	111,577		-		94,326
Prepaids		19,013	-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	2,945,713	\$ 676,835	\$	16,855,103	\$	3,072,991
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	\$	280,855	\$ -	\$	380,154	\$	4,413
Deposits payable		31,500	-		-		-
Total Liabilities		312,355	-		380,154		4,413
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue -							
Property taxes		63,416	16,293		-		-
Fines receivable, net		1,464	-		-		-
Assessments receivable		-	91,285		-		-
Other		3,500	-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows		68,380	107,578		-		
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable for:							
Prepaids		19,013	-		-		-
Committed		11,000	-		-		-
Assigned		-	-		-		131,558
Restricted		-	569,257		16,474,949		2,937,020
Unassigned		2,534,965	-		-		-
Total Fund Balances	-	2,564,978	569,257		16,474,949		3,068,578
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,945,713	\$ 676,835	\$	16,855,103	\$	3,072,991

Total Governmental Funds									
\$	23,008,096								
	523,533								
	19,013								
\$	23,550,642								
\$	665,422								
	31,500								
	696,922								
	79,709 1,464 91,285 3,500 175,958								
	19,013 11,000 131,558 19,981,226 2,534,965								
	22,677,762								
\$	23,550,642								

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2014

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 22,677,762
Adjustments for the Statement of Net Position:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial	
resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	6,273,677
Capital assets - net depreciable	20,808,140
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Property tax receivable	79,709
Fines receivable, net	1,464
Assessments receivable	91,285
Other	3,500
Land held for sale	83,040
Deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net position that applies	
to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources	
(expense/ expenditure) until then.	
Deferred charge on refunding	55,137
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred charges,	
are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	(281,882)
Bond premium	(587,351)
Bond discount	93,804
Non-current liabilities due in one year	(1,092,243)
Non-current liabilities due in more than one year	(24,928,325)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 23,277,717

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		General	- · ·	Debt Service	Im	Capital provements	Go	Other vernmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u>		- Concrai				provenients		
Taxes:								
Property tax	\$	3,004,384	\$	911,200	\$	_	\$	_
Sales tax	·	497,230	·	-		_		497,230
Franchise tax		525,783		_		_		, -
Alcoholic beverage tax		5,745		_		-		-
Licenses and permits		394,519		_		-		-
Intergovernmental		206,313		_		1,004,919		-
Charges for services		117,496		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		37,511		_		-		-
Special assessments		-		20,651		_		-
Investment income		1,561		409		4,917		1,300
Other revenue		26,032		-		133,255		30,602
Total Revenues		4,816,574	-	932,260	1	1,143,091	-	529,132
<u>Expenditures</u>				_		_		
Current:								
Administration		1,030,082		_		-		-
Highways and streets		410,568		-		-		-
Parks		150,219		-		-		-
Engineering and building inspecti	on	409,396		-		-		-
Municipal court		50,923		-		-		-
Public safety		2,638,967		-		-		4,910
Economic development		99,730		-		-		21,277
Economic opportunity		-		-		-		28,687
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		777,747		-		45,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		414,853		-		15,454
Bond issuance costs		-		-		87,555		-
Capital outlay		-		-		3,772,108		-
Total Expenditures		4,789,885		1,192,600		3,859,663		115,328
Excess of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		26,689		(260,340)		(2,716,572)		413,804
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in (out)		(31,544)		-		1,400,657		(29,456)
Proceeds from bond issuance		-		-		14,205,000		-
Premium on bonds issued		-		-		301,276		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31,544)		-		15,906,933		(29,456)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(4,855)		(260,340)		13,190,361		384,348
Beginning fund balances		2,569,833		829,597		3,284,588		2,684,230
Ending Fund Balances	\$	2,564,978	\$	569,257	\$	16,474,949	\$	3,068,578
See Notes to Financial Statements.			38					

Total Governmental Funds

\$ 3,915,584
994,460
525,783
5,745
394,519
1,211,232
117,496
37,511
20,651
8,187
189,889
 7,421,057
1,030,082
410,568
150,219
409,396
50,923
2,643,877
121,007
28,687
822,747
430,307
87,555
3,772,108
9,957,476
(2,536,419)
1,339,657
14,205,000
301,276
15,845,933
13,309,514
9,368,248

22,677,762

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 13,309,514

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay 3,831,817
Depreciation expense (1,598,952)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(50,876)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences (27,503) Accrued interest (198,374)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when they are first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Issuance of debt	(14,205,000)
Issuance of premium	(301,276)
Transfer of bond debt from business-type activities	(1,135,657)
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	(9,639)
Amortization of debt premium	36,946
Amortization of debt discount	(8,138)
Principal payments	806,306

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 449,168

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2014

	Water & Sewer		Nonmajor Solid Waste		F	Total Proprietary Funds
<u>Assets</u>						
<u>Current Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,609,423	\$	54,279	\$	8,663,702
Restricted cash		440,710		-		440,710
Receivables, net		971,537		92,021		1,063,558
Inventory		10,321		-		10,321
Prepaids		7,960		-		7,960
Total Current Assets		10,039,951		146,300		10,186,251
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		3,744,048		-		3,744,048
Net depreciable capital assets		24,619,731		-		24,619,731
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	28,363,779	-	-		28,363,779
Total Assets	-	38,403,730	-	146,300		38,550,030
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred charge on refunding		144,240				144,240
0 0		,				
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		702,696		43,067		745,763
Accrued interest		78,702		-		78,702
Customer deposits		135,753		-		135,753
Compensated absences - current		61,828		-		61,828
Bonds payable - current		857,248		-		857,248
Total Current Liabilities		1,836,227		43,067		1,879,294
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated absences		93,114		-		93,114
Bonds payable		15,001,963		-		15,001,963
Total Liabilities		16,931,304		43,067		16,974,371
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		18,020,897		-		18,020,897
Unrestricted		3,595,769		103,233		3,699,002
Total Net Position	\$	21,616,666	\$	103,233	\$	21,719,899

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

			I	Nonmajor		Total
		Water &		Solid	1	Proprietary
	Sewer Waste		Funds			
Operating Revenues						
Water revenue	\$	2,564,213	\$	-	\$	2,564,213
Sewer revenue		1,982,223		-		1,982,223
Sanitation revenue		-		541,124		541,124
Connection and tap charges		425,941		-		425,941
Other revenue		1,281				1,281
Total Operating Revenues		4,973,658		541,124		5,514,782
Operating Expenses						
Personnel		870,413		-		870,413
Supplies and services		273,087		477,945		751,032
Operating expenses		307,425		-		307,425
Materials and equipment		77,979		-		77,979
Cost of water		698,408		-		698,408
Cost of sewer		471,404		-		471,404
Depreciation		969,128		-		969,128
Total Operating Expenses		3,667,844		477,945		4,145,789
Operating Income		1,305,814		63,179		1,368,993
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Investment income		6,990		47		7,037
Interest expense		(1,111,490)		-		(1,111,490)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,104,500)		47	_	(1,104,453)
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers		201,314		63,226		264,540
Transfers in (out)		(124,000)		(80,000)	_	(204,000)
Change in Net Position		77,314		(16,774)		60,540
Beginning net position		21,539,352		120,007		21,659,359
Ending Net Position	\$	21,616,666	\$	103,233	\$	21,719,899

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

				Nonmajor		Total
	Water &		Solid		F	Proprietary
		Sewer		Waste		Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from customers	\$	5,349,980	\$	542,675	\$	5,892,655
Payments to suppliers		(1,293,590)		(476,256)		(1,769,846)
Payments to employees		(856,446)		_		(856,446)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		3,199,944		66,419		3,266,363
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Operating transfers in (out)		(124,000)		(80,000)		(204,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)						
Noncapital Financing Activities		(124,000)		(80,000)		(204,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Capital purchases		(3,390,414)		-		(3,390,414)
Transfer of bond proceeds to governmental activities		(1,126,620)		-		(1,126,620)
Principal paid on debt		(853,530)		-		(853,530)
Interest paid on debt		(1,100,071)		-		(1,100,071)
Net Cash (Used for) Capital and						
Related Financing Activities		(6,470,635)				(6,470,635)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Interest on investments		6,990		47		7,037
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		6,990		47		7,037
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(3,387,701)		(13,534)		(3,401,235)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		12,437,834		67,813		12,505,647
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,050,133	\$	54,279	\$	9,104,412

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Reconciliation of Operating Income Vaster Founds to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 1,305,814 63,179 1,368,993 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided: \$ 1,305,814 63,179 1,368,993 Adjustments to reconcile operating sincome to net cash provided: \$ 969,128 \$ 969,128 \$ 969,128 Amortization (20,843) \$ 969,128 \$ 969,128 Amortization Apsets and Liabilities: \$ (20,843) \$ 969,128 Increase Decrease in: \$ 376,322 1,551 377,873 Accounts receivable \$ 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory \$ 4,237 \$ 2 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) \$ 2 2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: \$ 376,922 1,551 377,873 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences \$ 13,967 \$ 13,967 Customer deposits \$ 12,129 \$ 3,266,363]	Nonmajor	Total		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 1,305,814 \$ 63,179 \$ 1,368,993 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided: Pepreciation 969,128 - 969,128 Amortization (20,843) - (20,843) Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129				Solid	P	. ,	
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Income \$ 1,305,814 \$ 63,179 \$ 1,368,993 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided: Uperciation 969,128 - 969,128 Amortization (20,843) - (20,843) Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: (10,20,20) - (20,843) Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129		 Sewer		Waste		Funds	
Operating Income \$ 1,305,814 \$ 63,179 \$ 1,368,993 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided:	Reconciliation of Operating Income						
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided: Depreciation 969,128 - 969,128 Amortization (20,843) - (20,843) Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
income to net cash provided: Depreciation 969,128 - 969,128 Amortization (20,843) - (20,843) Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	Operating Income	\$ 1,305,814	\$	63,179	\$	1,368,993	
Depreciation 969,128 - 969,128 Amortization (20,843) - (20,843) Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: - <	Adjustments to reconcile operating						
Amortization (20,843) - (20,843) Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	income to net cash provided:						
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: 376,322 1,551 377,873 Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: - - (2,858) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	Depreciation	969,128		-		969,128	
(Increase) Decrease in: Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: - - - 2,858) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	Amortization	(20,843)		-		(20,843)	
Accounts receivable 376,322 1,551 377,873 Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: - - - 2,858) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:						
Inventory 4,237 - 4,237 Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: - - - 543,737 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	(Increase) Decrease in:						
Prepaids (2,858) - (2,858) Increase (Decrease) in: - (2,858) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 542,048 1,689 543,737 Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	Accounts receivable	376,322		1,551		377,873	
Increase (Decrease) in:Accounts payable and accrued liabilities542,0481,689543,737Compensated absences13,967-13,967Customer deposits12,129-12,129	Inventory	4,237		-		4,237	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities542,0481,689543,737Compensated absences13,967-13,967Customer deposits12,129-12,129	Prepaids	(2,858)		-		(2,858)	
Compensated absences 13,967 - 13,967 Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	Increase (Decrease) in:						
Customer deposits 12,129 - 12,129	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	542,048		1,689		543,737	
· — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Compensated absences	13,967		-		13,967	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 3,199,944 \$ 66,419 \$ 3,266,363	Customer deposits	12,129		-		12,129	
	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 3,199,944	\$	66,419	\$	3,266,363	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

September 30, 2014

		Agency Fund
		Streets
		Escrow
<u>Assets</u>		
<u>Current Assets</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 177,891
	Total Assets	177,891
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accrued liabilities		177,891
5	Γotal Liabilities	\$ 177,891

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2014

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

The City of Heath, Texas (the "City") was incorporated in 1959 and is governed by an elected mayor and six city councilmen which comprise the city council. The City provides a full range of municipal services including public safety, streets, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides water and sewer service, and sanitation service as an enterprise function of the City.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City's financial reporting entity. The Heath Economic Development Corporation (the "HEDC") and the Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation (the "HMBC"), although legally separate, are considered part of the reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and considerations pertaining to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Blended Component Units

Heath Economic Development Corporation

The Heath Economic Development Corporation is governed by a seven member board of directors appointed, at will, by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it was part of the City (blended) since its sole purpose is to act on behalf of the City. The HEDC collects a half cent sales tax to support its activities. The City is the primary beneficiary of the HEDC's activities. Separate financial statements have not been prepared. However, additional financial information for the HEDC may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at the following address: Heath Economic Development Corporation, 200 Laurence Drive, Heath, Texas 75032.

Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation

The City of Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation is governed by a seven member board of directors appointed, at will, by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it was part of the City (blended) since its sole purpose is to act on behalf of the City. The HMBC collects a half cent sales tax to support its activities. The City is the primary beneficiary of the HMBC's activities. Separate financial statements have not been prepared. However, additional financial information for the HMBC may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices at the following address: Heath Municipal Benefit Corporation, 200 Laurence Drive, Heath, Texas 75032.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

D. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category; governmental and proprietary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, public safety, highways and streets, engineering and building inspection, parks, and municipal court.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other long-term debt of governmental funds. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes.

Capital Improvements Fund

The capital improvements fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of the government's major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The government reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water & Sewer Fund

This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the water production and distribution system, water collection and treatment systems. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary, pension and other postemployment benefit trust, and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

F. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, debt service fund, Heath Economic Development Corporation, and Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation. The capital improvements fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Other special revenue funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. At any time during the fiscal year, the Finance Director may transfer up to \$5,000 of the unencumbered appropriated balance between classifications of expenditure within a division (Division is a specific functional area within a City department. Streets is a division of the Public Works department). Transfers, within a division, exceeding \$5,000 must be approved by the City Manager. A transfer may not be made from the unencumbered appropriated balance in the Personnel Services classification of expenditure. Any revision that alters total expenditures of any division must be approved by the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is at the divisional level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

2. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2014, the debt service fund demonstrated expenditures exceeding appropriations for \$579.

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity or Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, the City reports all investments at fair value, except for "money market investments" and "2a7-like pools." Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized costs. Investment positions in external investment pools that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, such as TexPool, are reported using the pools' share price.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Statewide investment pools

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

2. Receivables and Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. If the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from component unit/primary government." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred, (i.e., the purchase method). The inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government, as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years.

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Vehicles	5 to 10 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 7 years
Infrastructure	5 to 50 years
Buildings and improvements	10 to 22 years

5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, fines, and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

7. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

8. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing body (council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources.

Long-term debt and other obligations, financed by proprietary funds, are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straightline method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the general fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes levied on personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

3. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused vacation leave and sick leave. The City liquidates compensated absences with future revenues rather than with currently available expendable resources. Accordingly, the City's governmental funds recognize accrued compensated absences when it is paid.

4. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance-total* governmental funds and net position-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental states that, "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities."

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the general, debt service, HEDC, HMBC, water and sewer, and sanitation funds. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the divisional level, i.e. streets, parks, or public safety. The Finance Director may transfer up to \$5,000 within a division. Transfers within a division exceeding \$5,000 must be approved by the City Manager. Any revision that alters total expenditures of any division must be approved by the City Council.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2014, the primary government had the following investments:

			Weighted
			Average Maturity
Investment Type	F	air Value	(Years)
External investment pools	\$	3,975,511	0.0
Portfolio weighted average maturity			0.0

Interest rate risk In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average of maturity to meet liquidity demands; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations; monitoring credit ratings of portfolio position to assure compliance with rating requirements imposed by the Public Funds Investment Act; and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities or similar government investment pools.

Credit risk The City's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States, State of Texas, or their agencies and instrumentalities with an investment quality rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent, by a nationally recognized investment rating firm. Other obligations must be unconditionally guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency and investment pools with an investment quality not less than AAA or AAA-m, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2014, the City's investments in TexPool and TexStar were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be insured or fully collateralized by U.S. government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. As of September 30, 2014, the market values of pledged securities and FDIC exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool AAAm. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexStar

The TexStar Participant Services Local Government Investment Pool ("TexStar") is an external investment pool operated by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and is not SEC registered. The Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act and the Texas Public Funds Investments Act provide for creation of public funds investment pools and permit eligible governmental entities to jointly invest their funds in authorized investments. The State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed both of participants in TexStar and of other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexStar. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Standard & Poor's rates TexStar AAAm.

B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances of the primary government at year end:

Other

					Other				
				G	overnmental		Water &	Solid	
	General	De	Debt Service		Funds		Sewer	Waste	Total
Property taxes	\$ 63,416	\$	16,293	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 79,709
Special assessments	-		95,284		-		-	-	95,284
Sales tax	94,326		-		94,326		-	-	188,652
Fines	2,440		-		-		-	-	2,440
Other	158,424		-		-		93,109	100,321	351,854
Accounts	-		-		-		920,461	-	920,461
Allowance	(976)		-		-		(42,033)	(8,300)	(51,309)
	\$ 317,630	\$	111,577	\$	94,326	\$	971,537	\$ 92,021	\$ 1,587,091
						_	•		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	В	eginning			Ι	Decreases/	Ending
	I	Balances]	ncreases	Recl	assifications	Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	3,036,088	\$	-	\$	(83,040)	\$ 2,953,048
Construction in progress		798,598		3,781,172		(1,259,141)	3,320,629
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,834,686		3,781,172		(1,342,181)	6,273,677
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		2,162,395		-		_	2,162,395
Improvements other than buildings		2,935,163		-		253,482	3,188,645
Infrastructure		34,123,856		-		1,005,659	35,129,515
Machinery and equipment		2,168,312		50,645		-	2,218,957
Total capital assets being depreciated		41,389,726		50,645		1,259,141	42,699,512
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings		(1,016,327)		(89,278)		-	(1,105,605)
Improvements other than buildings		(658,760)		(105,423)		-	(764,183)
Infrastructure		(16,165,209)		(1,204,732)		-	(17,369,941)
Machinery and equipment		(2,452,124)		(199,519)		-	(2,651,643)
Total accumulated depreciation		(20,292,420)		(1,598,952)		-	(21,891,372)
Net capital assets being depreciated		21,097,306		(1,548,307)		1,259,141	20,808,140
Total Capital Assets	\$	24,931,992	\$	2,232,865	\$	(83,040)	\$ 27,081,817

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 29,994
Public safety	220,291
Public works	1,248,782
Culture and recreation	 99,885
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,598,952

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

A summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

]	Beginning		Decr	eases/		Ending
		Balances	Increases	Reclassi	fications		Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						•	
Land	\$	203,438	\$ -	\$	-	\$	203,438
Construction in progress		165,267	3,375,343		-		3,540,610
Total capital assets not being depreciated		368,705	3,375,343		-		3,744,048
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		309,639	-		-		309,639
Improvements other than buildings		34,081,368	-		-		34,081,368
Machinery and equipment		285,337	15,071		-		300,408
Total capital assets being depreciated		34,676,344	 15,071		-		34,691,415
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings		(125,671)	(14,206)		-		(139,877)
Improvements other than buildings		(8,769,999)	(927,255)		-		(9,697,254)
Machinery and equipment		(206,886)	(27,667)		-		(234,553)
Total accumulated depreciation		(9,102,556)	(969,128)		-		(10,071,684)
Net capital assets being depreciated		25,573,788	(954,057)		-		24,619,731
Total Capital Assets	\$	25,942,493	\$ 2,421,286	\$		\$	28,363,779

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

D. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended. In general, the City uses the debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

		Beginning Balance		Additions & Transfers		Reductions & Transfer	O]	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds, notes and other										
payables:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	3,915,000	\$	-	\$	(425,000)	\$	3,490,000	\$	430,000
Certificates of Obligation		6,652,956		15,331,620		(291,470)		21,693,106		339,372
Notes Payable		159,057		-		(31,040)		128,017		30,100
Premiums		323,021		301,276		(36,946)		587,351		-
Discounts		(101,942)		-		8,138		(93,804)		-
Other liabilities:										
Capital Lease		154,627		-		(49,759)		104,868		51,522
Compensated Absences		577,074		221,051		(193,548)		604,577		241,249
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,679,793	\$	15,853,947	\$	(1,019,625)	\$	26,514,115	\$	1,092,243
Long-term liabilities due in more	e tnar	i one year					\$	25,421,872		
Business-Type Activities:										
Bonds, notes and other										
payables:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	4,275,000	\$	-	\$	(320,000)	\$	3,955,000	\$	330,000
Certificates of Obligation		12,537,044		-		(1,615,150)		10,921,894		480,628
Premium		437,663		-		(42,359)		395,304		-
Discount		(80,123)		-		7,136		(72,987)		-
Contract Revenue Bonds		705,000		-		(45,000)		660,000		46,620
Other liabilities:										
Compensated Absences		140,975	_	112,257	_	(98,290)		154,942		61,828
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	18,015,559	\$	112,257	\$	(2,113,663)	\$	16,014,153	\$	919,076
Long-term liabilities due in more	e thar	n one year					\$	15,095,077		

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. The City intends to retire all of its

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

general long-term liabilities, plus accrued interest, from property taxes and other current revenues from the debt service fund as has been done in prior years. The proprietary fund type long-term debt will be repaid, plus accrued interest, from operating revenues of the water and sewer fund. The general fund has typically been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences for governmental activities.

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

Description	Interest Rates	Original Balance	 Current Balance
Governmental Activities:			
2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.00-4.00%	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,555,000
2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	3.00-4.00%	2,230,000	1,775,000
2004 General Obligation Bonds	3.68%	1,835,000	160,000
	Total General Obligation Bonds	5,665,000	 3,490,000
2013 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates	2.00-4.00%	1,654,037	1,615,000
2007 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates	4.00-5.00%	8,392,369	5,873,106
2014 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates	3.00-4.00%	14,205,000	14,205,000
	Total Certificates of Obligation	24,251,406	21,693,106
	Total Governmental Activities	\$ 29,916,406	\$ 25,183,106
Business-type Activities:			
2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	3.00-4.00%	\$ 4,840,000	\$ 3,955,000
	Total General Obligation Bonds	4,840,000	3,955,000
2013 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates	2.00-4.00%	6,540,963	6,505,000
2007 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates	4.00-5.00%	5,052,631	4,091,894
2004 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates	3.68%	1,640,000	325,000
	Total Certificates of Obligation	13,233,594	10,921,894
2005 Contract Revenue Bonds	3.75-4.625%	1,006,566	660,000
	Total Contract Revenue Bonds	1,006,566	660,000
	Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 19,080,160	\$ 15,536,894
Total Long-Term Debt			
General Obligation Refunding Bonds		\$ 10,505,000	\$ 7,445,000
Certificates of Obligation		37,485,000	32,615,000
Contract Revenue Bonds		1,006,566	660,000
	Total Primary Government	\$ 48,996,566	\$ 40,720,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activities debt issues outstanding at year ending were as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year ending		General Obligation Bonds Certification						ligation
September 30,	I	Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest
2015	\$	430,000	\$	116,469	\$	339,372	\$	1,148,398
2016		325,000		104,100		918,664		951,114
2017		335,000		92,300		959,413		897,789
2018		305,000		80,475		1,007,198		845,064
2019		315,000		69,025		1,047,019		793,239
2020		330,000		57,100		1,089,804		738,886
2021		340,000		44,700		1,132,589		681,767
2022		360,000		32,350		1,173,338		620,876
2023		370,000		20,750		1,219,087		560,669
2024		380,000		7,600		1,264,836		501,876
2025		-		-		1,393,549		438,375
2026		-		-		1,442,263		370,726
2027		-		-		1,495,974		300,450
2028		-		-		945,000		248,775
2029		-		-		980,000		215,938
2030		-		-		1,010,000		180,925
2031		-		-		1,050,000		143,575
2032		-		-		1,090,000		103,625
2033		-		-		1,130,000		61,594
2034						1,005,000		20,100
Total	\$	3,490,000	\$	624,869	\$	21,693,106	\$	9,823,761

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

The annual requirements to amortize business-type activities debt issues outstanding at year ending were as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Year ending	General Obli	igatio	n Bonds	Certificates (of Obl	igation
September 30,	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2015	\$ 330,000	\$	149,950	\$ 480,628	\$	460,942
2016	340,000		138,200	466,336		416,730
2017	485,000		121,700	355,587		396,485
2018	570,000		100,600	307,802		383,040
2019	605,000		77,100	307,981		371,024
2020	630,000		52,400	320,196		358,526
2021	660,000		26,600	327,411		345,384
2022	335,000		6,700	501,662		328,768
2023	-		-	515,913		308,992
2024	-		-	540,164		287,694
2025	-		-	561,451		264,318
2026	-		-	587,733		239,929
2027	-		-	614,030		214,429
2028	-		-	755,000		186,300
2029	-		-	790,000		155,400
2030	-		-	820,000		123,200
2031	-		-	855,000		89,700
2032	-		-	890,000		54,800
2033	-		-	925,000		18,500
Total	\$ 3,955,000	\$	673,250	\$ 10,921,894	\$	5,004,161

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

In 2005 the North Texas Municipal Water District issued debt on behalf of the Cities of Heath and Rockwall to construct a water storage facility. The City of Heath owns 33% of the water storage facility and has recorded the debt as contract revenue bonds.

The annual requirements to amortize contract revenue bonds outstanding at year end were as follows:

Year ending	Contract Revenue Bonds					
September 30,	Principal		Interest			
2015	\$	46,620	\$	26,972		
2016		50,000		24,872		
2017		51,667		22,997		
2018		53,333		21,008		
2019		56,667		18,927		
2020		60,000		16,661		
2021		61,667		14,261		
2022		65,000		11,732		
2023		68,380		9,068		
2024		71,666		6,197		
2025		75,000		3,187		
Total	\$	660,000	\$	175,882		

Note Payable

The City has an obligation to the City of Rockwall, Texas for a partial interest in an animal shelter that is recorded as a note payable. The note is payable in annual installments of \$35,037, including interest at 3.10%.

The annual requirements to amortize the note payable outstanding at year end were as follows:

Year ending		Note Payable						
September 30,	Principal			Interest				
2015	\$	30,100	\$	4,937				
2016		31,971		3,066				
2017		31,895		3,142				
2018		34,051		986				
Total	\$	128,017	\$	12,131				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

Capital Lease

The City entered into a capital lease to acquire a fire truck for \$306,500. The lease is payable in annual installments of \$55,236 with interest imputed at 3.47%. The annual requirements to amortize the note payable outstanding at year end were as follows:

Year ending		Capital Lease					
September 30,	Principal			Interest			
2015	\$	51,522	\$	3,714			
2016		53,346		1,890			
Total	\$	104,868	\$	5,604			

E. Intergovernmental Transfers

Transfers between the primary government funds during the 2014 year were as follows:

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount			
General	Capital Improvement		\$	265,000	
Other Governmental Funds	General			29,456	
Water & Sewer	General			164,000	
Solid Waste Fund	General			40,000	
Solid Waste Fund	Water & Sewer			40,000	
		Total	\$	538,456	

Additionally, the City transferred \$1,135,657 in bond proceeds from the water and sewer fund to the capital improvement fund. The cash related to this transfer were from the City's 2007 bond issuance and will now be used for governmental purposes instead of business-type purposes.

F. Restricted Net Position / Fund Balance

The City records restricted net position / fund balance to indicate that a portion is legally restricted for a specific future use.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

The following is a list of restricted, committed, and assigned net position / fund balance of the City:

	G	overnmental Activities
Restricted for:		
* Municipal court	\$	22,570
Debt service		569,257
Capital improvements		16,474,949
Economic development		1,318,338
Economic opportunity		1,596,112
Total Restricted	\$	19,981,226
Committed for:		
Park Donations	\$	11,000
Assigned for:		
Police Department	\$	131,558

^{*} Restricted by enabling legislation

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with over 2,700 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pools. The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors.

C. Pension Plans

1. Texas Municipal Retirement Systems

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, TX 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2013	Plan Year 2014
Employee deposit rate	7.0%	7.0%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100% Repeating Transfers	100% Repeating Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method (EAN was first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation; previously, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

method had been used). This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate for an employee is the contribution rate which, if applied to a member's compensation throughout their period of anticipated covered service with the municipality, would be sufficient to meet all benefits payable on their behalf. The salary-weighted average of the individual rates is the total normal cost rate. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

Three-Year Contribution Information

	2014	 2013	 2012
Annual Pension Cost (ARC)	\$ 275,079	\$ 248,824	\$ 248,848
Actual Contributions Made	\$ 275,079	\$ 248,824	\$ 248,848
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%
Net Pension Obligation/Asset	_	 -	 _
NPO at the End of Period	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2014 were determined as part of the December 31, 2011 and 2012 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2013, also follows:

Valuation Date	12/31/2011	12/31/2012	12/31/2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit	Projected Unit	Projected Unit
	Credit	Credit	Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of
	Payroll	Payroll	Payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single	20.9 years; closed	20.0 years; closed	30.0 years; closed
Amortization Period	period	period	period
Amortization Period for new	25 years	25 years	25 years
Gains/Losses			
Asset Valuation Method	10-year Smoothed	10-year Smoothed	10-year Smoothed
	Market	Market	Market
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment Rate of Return *	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases *	Varies by age and	Varies by age and	Varies by age and
	service	service	service
* Includes Inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

The funded status as of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2013
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 6,260,653
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 7,015,673
Percentage Funded	89.2%
Annual Covered Payroll	\$ 2,792,478
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ (755,020)
(UAAL) % of Covered Payroll	(27.0)%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits

1. TMRS Supplemental Death Benefit Fund

Plan Description

The city also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The city elected to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The city may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the city are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits, and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from www.TMRS.com.

Contributions

The city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$291, \$273 and \$262, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

Three-Year Contribution Information

	2012	2011	2010
Annual Required Contribution (Rate)	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Actual Contributions Made	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Percentage of APC Contributed	100%	100%	100%

E. North Texas Municipal Water District (the District)

The District is a conservation and reclamation district and political subdivision of the State of Texas, created and functioning under Chapter 62, Acts of 1951, 52nd Legislature, Regular Session, as amended, originally compiled as Vernon's Article 8270-141 (the "Act), pursuant to Article 16, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. The District comprises all of the territory of its member cities, Garland, Princeton, Plano, Mesquite, Wylie, Rockwall, Farmersville, McKinney, Richardson, Forney and Royse City (the "Member Cities"). The District was created for the purpose of providing a source of water supply for municipal, domestic and industrial use and for the treatment, processing and transportation of such water to its Member Cities, and to its other customers located in North Central Texas, all within the Dallas Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Under the Act, including specifically Section 27 thereof, and under the Constitution and Statutes of the State of Texas, the District has broad powers to (1) impound, control, store, preserve, treat, transmit and use storm and flood water, the water of rivers and streams and underground water, for industrial and commercial uses and purposes and all other beneficial uses and purposes; and (2) collect, transport, process, treat, dispose of, and control all municipal, domestic, industrial or commercial waste whether in fluid, solid or composite state, including specifically the control, abatement or reduction of all types of pollution. The City retains no ongoing financial interest, equity investments and/or responsibilities for the District other than the contractual arrangements discussed more fully herein.

The District has a long-term contract with the City to provide sewer treatment. The City contracted with the District to build sewage treatment plants and provide treatment services to the City. Under the terms of the contract, the City's payments, which began when the facilities were first utilized, are equal to the operating and maintenance expenses for the ensuing fiscal year, as shown in the annual budget. The contract further provides that the debt service payments would be equal to the principal and/or interest coming due on the bonds on the next succeeding interest payment date, plus the fees and charges of the paying agent and registrar.

In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, the City entered into a contract with the District to construct a water storage facility. Under the terms of the contract, the City's payments, which began when the facilities were first utilized, are equal to the operating and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

maintenance expenses for the ensuing fiscal year, as shown in the Annual Budget. The contract further provides that the debt service payments would be equal to the principal and/or interest coming due on the bonds on the next succeeding interest payment date, plus the fees and charges of the paying agent and registrar. These contractual obligations have been included as installment sales contract revenue bonds and the related water storage facilities have been capitalized by the City and are being depreciated over the estimated life of the facilities.

F. Buffalo Creek Wastewater Interceptor System

In January 2004, the Cities of Rockwall and Heath in Rockwall County, and the City of Forney in Kaufman County entered into a contract with the District to provide for the acquisition, construction, improvement, operation, and maintenance of the Regional Buffalo Creek Wastewater Interceptor System (System) for the purpose of providing facilities to adequately receive, transport, treat, and dispose of wastewater. The District will own the System with Rockwall, Heath and Forney as the initial participants. The District issued approximately \$17 million in bonds to construct this new facility in April 2004. Budget calculations for operating costs and debt service for the System on the service commencement date is based on the following estimated flow ratio: City of Rockwall - 78%, the City of Heath - 14%, and the City of Forney - 8%. "Service Commencement Date" means the first date upon which the System is available to treat wastewater from the participants. Heath's long-term commitment to the System's debt service component is approximately \$2 million.

The District will send each participant a letter detailing the annual requirement necessary to operate the System each year. The annual requirement budget will include an operation and maintenance component and a bond service component. The budgeting ratio described earlier is only valid for the first year of System operations. In subsequent years, budgets and year-end audits will be based on actual flow ratios. For example, if the flow measurements indicate that 80% of the flow is produced by Rockwall, 15% by Heath and 5% by Forney, then the next year's operating and debt service components would be allocated using a 80/15/5 split. If in the future, additional participants are added, then the flow ratios will be adjusted using the above method.

G. Rockwall Emergency Services Corporation (the Corporation)

The Corporation was created pursuant to Subchapter D of Chapter 431, Texas Transportation Code, to provide emergency services and public safety services on behalf of the City of Fate, the City of Heath, the City of McLendon Chisholm, the City of Mobile City, the City of Rockwall, the City of Rowlett, the City of Royse City, and Rockwall County, Texas. This Corporation was created to construct, manage, and operate a law enforcement training facility, a firearms training center.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2014

The Corporation issued debt to construct the facility. Each participant government is required to pay a portion of the debt service and operation and maintenance cost based on the number of personnel authorized to use the facility on April 1 each year.

The agreement, dated August 23, 2006 was for a ten year term. However, the agreement states that a participant can withdraw with a twelve month notice. During the current year, the City paid a total of \$25,478 under this agreement.

H. Animal Adoption Center Interlocal Agreement

In 2009 the City agreed to jointly construct an Animal Adoption Center (the "Center") with the City of Rockwall. The Center is located in Rockwall. The City of Rockwall issued debt for the construction of the Center and the City of Heath agreed to pay 17.4% for an equal interest in the Center.

The City of Rockwall is solely responsible for providing maintenance and personnel to operate the Center. The Center's annual budget is approved by the City of Rockwall and the City of Heath and is jointly paid by the two cities based on population.

The City of Heath can relinquish ownership of its portion of the Center with a ninety day written notice to the City of Rockwall. If the City were to relinquish its ownership the debt related to the construction of the Center will be due within ninety days. The debt related to the Center is recorded as a note payable within the governmental activities.

I. Lease Agreement with Great Eventures, Inc.

On September 2nd, 2014 the Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation (Lessor) and Great Eventures, Inc. (Lessee) entered into a lease agreement for 4.786 acres of land. The term of the lease is for thirty years. The lease agreement includes an option to purchase the land within five years for the price of \$625,000. After the first five years the Lessee will have the option to purchase the land at fair market value. Under the terms of the agreement the Heath Municipal Benefits Corporation will receive rent in the amount of \$200 per month. The City has reclassified the land related to this agreement as Land Held for Sale.

J. Subsequent Events

There were no material subsequent events through November 18, 2014, the date the financial statements were issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Original Budget	E:	nal Budget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Revenues		Duuget		nai buuget		Actual	(Negative)	
Taxes:								
Property tax	\$	2,994,100	\$	2,994,100	\$	3,004,384	\$	10,284
Sales tax	4	395,000	Ψ	395,000	4	497,230	Ψ	102,230
Franchise tax		485,000		485,000		525,783		40,783
Alcoholic beverage tax		3,000		3,000		5,745		2,745
Licenses and permits		285,450		285,450		394,519		109,069
Intergovernmental		236,000		236,000		206,313		(29,687)
Charges for services		101,150		101,150		117,496		16,346
Fines and forfeitures		50,200		50,200		37,511		(12,689)
Investment income		3,000		3,000		1,561		(1,439)
Other revenue		33,000		33,000		26,032		(6,968)
Total Revenues		4,585,900		4,585,900		4,816,574		230,674
Expenditures								
Current:								
Administration		1,034,850		1,100,850		1,030,082		70,768
Highways and streets		518,975		498,975		410,568		88,407
Parks		232,500		212,500		150,219		62,281
Engineering and building inspecti-	on	521,700		495,700		409,396		86,304
Municipal court		59,300		59,300		50,923		8,377
Public safety		2,704,300		2,704,300		2,638,967		65,333
Communication and								
economic development		120,800		120,800		99,730		21,070
Total Expenditures		5,192,425		5,192,425		4,789,885		402,540
Revenues Over (Under)		(606,525)		(606,525)		26,689		633,214
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in (out)		234,000		(31,000)		(31,544)		(544)
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)		234,000		(31,000)		(31,544)		(544)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(372,525)	\$	(637,525)		(4,855)	\$	632,670
Beginning fund balance						2,569,833		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	2,564,978		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS-TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City's annual covered payroll and pension costs are actuarially valued on a calendar year basis. Because the City makes all the annually required contributions, no net pension obligation (NPO) exists. The information presented below represents the City's Schedule of Funding Progress.

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2013	12/31/2012	12/31/2011
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 6,260,653	\$ 5,501,838	\$ 4,868,868
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 7,015,673	\$ 6,449,182	\$ 6,013,506
Percentage Funded	89.2%	85.3%	81.0%
Unfunded Actuarial			
Accrued Liability	\$ 755,020	\$ 947,344	\$ 1,144,638
Annual Covered Payroll	\$ 2,792,478	\$ 2,616,174	\$ 2,597,274
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability			
(UAAL) % of Covered Payroll	27.0%	36.2%	44.1%
Net Pension Obligation (NPO)			
at the Beginning of Period	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Annual Req. Contrib. (ARC)	\$ 275,079	\$ 248,824	\$ 248,848
Contributions Made	\$ 275,079	\$ 248,824	\$ 248,848
NPO at the End of Period	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2014

	Public Safety	Heath EDC	Heath MBC	Total Nonmajor vernmental
<u>Assets</u>	 		 	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 156,257	\$ 1,271,967	\$ 1,550,441	\$ 2,978,665
Receivables, net	-	47,163	47,163	94,326
Total Assets	\$ 156,257	\$ 1,319,130	\$ 1,597,604	\$ 3,072,991
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,129	\$ 792	\$ 1,492	\$ 4,413
Total Liabilities	2,129	792	1,492	4,413
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	22,570	1,318,338	1,596,112	2,937,020
Assigned	131,558	-	-	131,558
Total Fund Balances	154,128	1,318,338	1,596,112	3,068,578
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 156,257	\$ 1,319,130	\$ 1,597,604	\$ 3,072,991

See Notes to Financial Statements.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Public Safety	Heath EDC	Heath MBC	Total Nonmajor Governmental	
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Sales tax	\$ -	\$ 248,615	\$ 248,615	\$ 497,230	
Investment income	68	543	689	1,300	
Other revenue	30,602			30,602	
Total Revenues	30,670	249,158	249,304	529,132	
Expenditures Current:					
Public safety	4,910			4,910	
Economic development	4,910	21,277	-	21,277	
Economic opportunity	_	21,277	28,687	28,687	
Debt service:		_	20,007	20,007	
Principal	_	15,000	30,000	45,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	5,763	9,691	15,454	
Total Expenditures	4,910	42,040	68,378	115,328	
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues over Expenditures	25,760	207,118	180,926	413,804	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers (out)		(14,728)	(14,728)	(29,456)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(14,728)	(14,728)	(29,456)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	25,760	192,390	166,198	384,348	
Beginning fund balances	128,368	1,125,948	1,429,914	2,684,230	
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 154,128	\$ 1,318,338	\$ 1,596,112	\$ 3,068,578	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		riginal & nal Budget	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues		 <u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Property tax		\$ 908,200	\$ 911,200	\$	3,000
Special assessments		7,100	20,651		13,551
Investment income		1,800	409		(1,391)
	Total Revenues	 917,100	932,260		15,160
Expenditures		 			
Debt service:					
Principal		776,789	777,747		(958) *
Interest		 415,232	 414,853		379
	Total Expenditures	 1,192,021	1,192,600		(579)
	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (274,921)	(260,340)	\$	14,581
Beginning fund balance			829,597		
	Ending Fund Balance		\$ 569,257		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

^{* 2.} Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEATH ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

							iance with
	(Original					al Budget Positive
		Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues							
Sales tax	\$	195,000	\$	195,000	\$ 248,615	\$	53,615
Investment income		1,400		1,400	543		(857)
Total Revenues		196,400		196,400	249,158		52,758
Expenditures							
Current:							
Economic development		102,900		102,900	21,277		81,623
Debt service:							
Principal		3,250		3,250	15,000		(11,750)
Interest and fiscal charges		20,640		20,640	5,763		14,877
Total Expenditures		126,790		126,790	42,040		84,750
Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures		69,610		69,610	207,118		137,508
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers (out)		(16,000)		(16,000)	(14,728)		1,272
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(16,000)		(16,000)	(14,728)		1,272
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	53,610	\$	53,610	192,390	\$	138,780
Beginning fund balance			-		1,125,948	-	
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 1,318,338		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEATH MUNICIPAL BENEFITS CORPORATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

					iance with al Budget
	O	riginal &			Positive
		nal Budget	Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues					
Sales tax	\$	195,000	\$ 248,615	\$	53,615
Investment income		1,900	 689		(1,211)
Total Revenues		196,900	249,304		52,404
Expenditures			 		
Current:					
Economic opportunity		183,350	28,687		154,663
Debt service:					
Principal		5,500	30,000		(24,500)
Interest and fiscal charges		34,928	9,691		25,237
Total Expenditures		223,778	 68,378		155,400
Revenues Over (Under)			 _		
Expenditures		(26,878)	180,926		207,804
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers (out)		(56,000)	(14,728)		41,272
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(56,000)	(14,728)		41,272
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(82,878)	166,198	\$	249,076
Beginning fund balance			 1,429,914		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 1,596,112		

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND STREETS ESCROW FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Balance					I	Balance
	October 1, 2013		A	dditions	Deductions		Septer	nber 30, 2014
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,603	\$	64,288	\$	-	\$	177,891
Total Assets		113,603		64,288				177,891
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accrued liabilities		113,603		64,288		-		177,891
Total Liabilities	\$	113,603	\$	64,288	\$	-	\$	177,891

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents Pages

Financial Trends 92-101

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 103-109

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.

Debt Capacity 110-114

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information 115-116

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information 117-121

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2005	 2006	 2007	2008		
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 10,468,375 1,807,568 2,792,442	\$ 18,837,137 1,358,534 3,408,712	\$ 18,540,309 146,285 4,200,838	\$	17,984,906 1,117,725 4,158,988	
	\$ 15,068,385	\$ 23,604,383	\$ 22,887,432	\$	23,261,619	
Business-type Activities Net investment in						
capital assets	\$ 11,724,391	\$ 14,611,160	\$ 14,951,597	\$	15,211,002	
Restricted	1,566,904	-	-		-	
Unrestricted	964,550	3,498,273	2,094,056		1,886,366	
Total Business-type						
Activities Net Position	\$ 14,255,845	\$ 18,109,433	\$ 17,045,653	\$	17,097,368	
Primary Government Net investment in						
capital assets	\$ 22,192,766	\$ 33,448,297	\$ 33,491,906	\$	33,195,908	
Restricted	3,374,472	1,358,534	146,285		1,117,725	
Unrestricted	 3,756,992	 6,906,985	6,294,894		6,045,354	
Total Primary						
Government Net	\$ 29,324,230	\$ 41,713,816	\$ 39,933,085	\$	40,358,987	

 2009	 2010	2011		2012		2013	2014		
\$ 19,089,641	\$ 17,895,266	\$	17,130,797	\$ 14,959,471	\$	13,894,049	\$	17,139,345	
2,104,386	5,438,453		3,416,119	5,555,525		6,690,500		19,981,226	
3,197,493	513,677		2,117,843	2,117,843		2,244,000		(13,842,854)	
\$ 24,391,520	\$ 23,847,396	\$	22,664,759	\$ 22,632,839	\$	22,828,549	\$	23,277,717	
\$ 16,063,136	\$ 15,935,522	\$	14,406,551	\$ 14,406,551	\$	14,592,909	\$	18,020,897	
1,600,713	2,118,300		6,135,299	6,135,299		7,066,450		3,699,002	
\$ 17,663,849	\$ 18,053,822	\$	20,541,850	\$ 20,541,850	\$	21,659,359	\$	21,719,899	
\$ 35,152,777	\$ 33,830,788	\$	29,366,022	\$ 29,366,022	\$	28,486,958	\$	35,160,242	
2,104,386	5,438,453		3,416,119	5,555,525		6,690,500		19,981,226	
 4,798,206	 2,631,977		8,253,142	8,253,142		9,310,450		(10,143,852)	
\$ 42,055,369	\$ 41,901,218	\$	41,035,283	\$ 43,174,689	\$	44,487,908	\$	44,997,616	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Feyer remover mental activities: General government 806,668 1,101,712 1,152,697 1,173,682 Public safety 1,640,083 1,705,415 2,141,045 2,235,528 Public works 1,031,079 1,508,117 2,206,035 2,006,940 Culture and recreation 192,694 190,621 129,004 147,672 Economic development and 2,698 227 5,000 6,003 Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 276,431 272,148 627,371 Total governmental activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Solid waste 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,649 4,452,625 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,649 4,452,125 Total primary government 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,649 4,452,125 Total pusiness-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,649 4,574,125 Foogram Revenues 2,721,215 3,264,137 3,794,849 4,574,125		2005	2006	2007	2008	
General government 806,768 1,101,712 1,152,697 1,173,082 Public safety 1,640,083 1,705,415 2,141,045 2,335,528 Public works 1,031,079 1,508,117 2,206,035 2,006,940 Culture and recreation 192,694 190,621 129,028 147,672 Economic development and 2,698 227 5,000 6,003 Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 276,431 272,184 627,347 Total governmental activities 3,954,670 4,782,650 5,905,989 6,310,355 Business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Solid waste 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,578,125 Total pusiness-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,578,125 Covernmental activities 2,771,907	Expenses					
Public safety 1,640,083 1,705,415 2,141,045 2,335,282 Public works 1,031,079 1,508,117 2,206,035 2,006,940 Culture and recreation 192,694 190,621 129,028 147,672 Economic development and 2,698 227 - 13,183 Economic opportunity 2,998 127 5,000 6,003 Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 276,431 272,184 627,347 Total governmental activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Solid waste 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,394,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$ 6,726,577 \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Governmental activities: \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 General government \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Call treap and recreation 4	Governmental activities:					
Public works 1,031,079 1,508,117 2,206,035 2,006,940 Culture and recreation 192,694 190,621 129,028 147,672 Economic development and 2,698 227 5,000 6,003 Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 276,431 272,184 627,347 Total governmental activities 3,954,670 4,782,650 5,905,989 6,310,355 Business-type activities: 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,572,125 Total primary government 7,75,595 8,046,787 9,700,853 10,884,480 Program Revenues Governmental activities: 2,712,152 4,25,444 2,73,430 2,75,953 <td>General government</td> <td>806,768</td> <td>1,101,712</td> <td>1,152,697</td> <td>1,173,682</td>	General government	806,768	1,101,712	1,152,697	1,173,682	
Culture and recreation 19,694 19,0621 129,028 147,672 Economic development and 2,698 227 5,000 6,003 Economic opportunity 2,998 227 5,000 6,003 Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 226,431 27,184 627,303 Total governmental activities 3,954,670 4,782,650 5,905,989 6,310,355 Business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Solid waste 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government 8,752,597 8,046,789 9,700,853 10,884,480 Charges for services: 2 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 General government 7,5595 21,512 2,582,00 17,744 Public safety 1,709,08 22	Public safety	1,640,083	1,705,415	2,141,045	2,335,528	
Economic development and Economic opportunity 2,998 127 5,000 6,003 Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 276,431 272,184 627,347 Total governmental activities 3,954,670 4,782,650 5,905,989 6,310,355 Business-type activities: 8 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$ 6,726,577 \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Sovernmental activities: Charges for services: \$ 25,812 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 30,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 3,0631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,6	Public works	1,031,079	1,508,117	2,206,035	2,006,940	
Economic opportunity 2,998 127 5,000 6,003 Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 276,431 272,184 627,347 Total governmental activities 3,954,670 4,782,650 5,905,989 6,310,355 Business-type activities: 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$ 6,726,577 \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Covernmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 75,595 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Operating grants and contributions 3,061 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 <td c<="" td=""><td>Culture and recreation</td><td>192,694</td><td>190,621</td><td>129,028</td><td>147,672</td></td>	<td>Culture and recreation</td> <td>192,694</td> <td>190,621</td> <td>129,028</td> <td>147,672</td>	Culture and recreation	192,694	190,621	129,028	147,672
Interest and fiscal charges 278,350 276,431 272,184 627,347 Total governmental activities 3,954,670 4,782,650 5,905,989 6,310,355 Business-type activities: \$	Economic development and	2,698	227	-	13,183	
Total governmental activities 3,954,670 4,782,650 5,905,989 6,310,355 Business-type activities: Water and sewer 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Solid waste 408,575 444,502 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$ 6,726,577 \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,4445 Operating grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 B	Economic opportunity	2,998	127	5,000	6,003	
Business-type activities: Water and sewer 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Solid waste 2,0 408,575 444,502 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$ 6,726,577 \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Charges for services: Ceneral government \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 3,061 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,155 Sold waste 2,712,152	Interest and fiscal charges	278,350	276,431	272,184	627,347	
Water and sewer Solid waste 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,386,289 4,129,623 Solid waste - - 408,575 444,502 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$6,726,577 \$8,046,787 \$9,700,853 \$10,884,480 Program Revenues Covernmental activities: Charges for services: Ceneral government \$75,595 \$21,512 \$25,820 \$17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 3,0631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital growth activities: 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Water and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2,712,152	Total governmental activities	3,954,670	4,782,650	5,905,989	6,310,355	
Solid waste - 408,575 444,502 Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$6,726,577 8,046,787 9,700,853 10,884,480 Program Revenues Covernmental activities: Charges for services: Ceneral government \$75,595 21,512 25,820 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2 2 3,284,942 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions	Business-type activities:					
Total business-type activities 2,771,907 3,264,137 3,794,864 4,574,125 Total primary government \$ 6,726,577 \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Governmental activities: \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Governmental activities: \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Charges for services: General government \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - -	Water and sewer	2,771,907	3,264,137	3,386,289	4,129,623	
Program Revenues \$ 8,046,787 \$ 9,700,853 \$ 10,884,480 Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 3,0631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 3 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 <	Solid waste	-	-	408,575	444,502	
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2 2 3,387,794 3,746,562 466,231 881,966 Operating grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 466,231 81,966 Total busin	Total business-type activities	 2,771,907	 3,264,137	3,794,864	4,574,125	
Governmental activities: Charges for services: 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities: 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Operating grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$7,504,569 16,291,560 4,219,781	Total primary government	\$ 6,726,577	\$ 8,046,787	\$ 9,700,853	\$ 10,884,480	
Charges for services: S 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government	Program Revenues					
General government \$ 75,595 \$ 21,512 \$ 25,820 \$ 17,374 Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities: 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Operating grants and contributions - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$7,504,569 16,291,560<	Governmental activities:					
Public safety 170,908 225,418 273,430 275,953 Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$7,504,569 16,291,560 4,219,781 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue \$(2,250,047) 4,473,366	Charges for services:					
Public works 267,816 303,319 311,495 370,217 Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 2 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$7,504,569 16,291,560 4,219,781 6,224,313 Net (Expe	General government	\$ 75,595	\$ 21,512	\$ 25,820	\$ 17,374	
Culture and recreation 4,275 4,463 6,515 5,445 Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: Charges for services: Value and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 <t< td=""><td>Public safety</td><td>170,908</td><td>225,418</td><td>273,430</td><td>275,953</td></t<>	Public safety	170,908	225,418	273,430	275,953	
Operating grants and contributions 30,631 13,926 222,927 62,087 Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) <t< td=""><td>Public works</td><td>267,816</td><td>303,319</td><td>311,495</td><td>370,217</td></t<>	Public works	267,816	303,319	311,495	370,217	
Capital grants and contributions 1,155,398 8,687,378 41,938 963,491 Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Culture and recreation	4,275	4,463	6,515	5,445	
Total governmental activities 1,704,623 9,256,016 882,125 1,694,567 Business-type activities: Charges for services: Vater and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Operating grants and contributions	30,631	13,926	222,927	62,087	
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Capital grants and contributions	1,155,398	8,687,378	41,938	963,491	
Charges for services: Water and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Total governmental activities	1,704,623	9,256,016	882,125	1,694,567	
Charges for services: Water and sewer 2,712,152 3,288,982 2,283,472 3,153,315 Sold waste - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Business-type activities:					
Sold waste - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions - - - - - Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)						
Sold waste - - 407,953 494,465 Operating grants and contributions -	Water and sewer	2,712,152	3,288,982	2,283,472	3,153,315	
Operating grants and contributions -	Sold waste	-	-	407,953	494,465	
Capital grants and contributions 3,087,794 3,746,562 646,231 881,966 Total business-type activities 5,799,946 7,035,544 3,337,656 4,529,746 Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Operating grants and contributions	-	-	_	-	
Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)		3,087,794	3,746,562	646,231	881,966	
Total primary government \$ 7,504,569 \$ 16,291,560 \$ 4,219,781 \$ 6,224,313 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Total business-type activities	5,799,946	 7,035,544	3,337,656	4,529,746	
Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)		\$	\$	\$ 	\$	
Governmental activities \$ (2,250,047) \$ 4,473,366 \$ (5,023,864) \$ (4,615,788) Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Business-type activities 3,028,039 3,771,407 (457,208) (44,379)	-	\$ (2,250,047)	\$ 4,473,366	\$ (5,023,864)	\$ (4,615,788)	
	* -	\$	\$	\$ 	\$ 	

	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
	1,045,672		928,201		972,529		972,108		1,130,893	\$	1,037,325
	2,335,201		2,320,231		2,892,734		2,563,884		2,594,015		2,924,001
	1,890,939		2,081,969		1,603,281		2,400,169		2,010,404		2,064,771
	135,669		229,222		243,985		244,264		232,883		250,703
	355,286		5,146		6,620		74,363		45,149		121,733
	8,119		4,258		3,809		9,876		46,407		29,413
	677,118		522,894		518,723		440,348		487,552		697,067
	6,448,004		6,091,921		6,241,681		6,705,012		6,547,303		7,125,013
	4,288,635		4,207,851		4,486,947		4,636,550		4,696,947		4,779,334
	435,416		459,086		457,809		455,154		459,156		477,945
	4,724,051		4,666,937		4,944,756		5,091,704		5,156,103		5,257,279
\$	11,172,055	\$	10,758,858	\$	11,186,437	\$	11,796,716	\$	11,703,406	\$	12,382,292
\$	27,772	\$	61,063	\$	70,017	\$	35,030	\$	28,000	\$	45,070
	323,136		309,515		325,953		339,991		374,837		437,582
	126,626		154,797		122,527		20,572		33,163		60,684
	17,124		14,280		16,630		7,857		9,830		6,190
	30,949		20,865		32,744		223,971		205,204		206,313
	2,013,667		1,000		262,258				801,848		1,004,919
	2,539,274		561,520		830,129		627,421		1,452,882		1,760,758
	2.026.044		4 400 540		F (F7 0/ 0		5 0/0 550		F 44F 7F0		4.052.650
	3,836,944		4,432,549		5,657,062		5,263,550		5,445,750		4,973,658
	510,248		557,623		559,007		541,434		540,592		541,124
	074.207		- 04.075		-		503,138		217 577		-
	974,396		94,075		6 216 060		6 209 122		317,567	_	E E14 792
<u>¢</u>	5,321,588 7,860,862	\$	5,084,247 5,645,767	\$	6,216,069 7,046,198	\$	6,308,122 6,935,543	\$	6,303,909 7,756,791	\$	5,514,782 7,275,540
\$	7,000,002	Ф	3,043,767	Ф	7,040,170	Ф	0,933,343	Ф	7,730,791	Ф	7,273,340
\$	(3,908,730)	\$	(5,530,401)	\$	(5,411,552)	\$	(6,077,591)	\$	(5,094,421)	\$	(5,364,255)
	597,537		417,310		1,271,313		1,216,418		1,147,806		257,503
\$	(3,311,193)	\$	(5,113,091)	\$	(4,140,239)	\$	(4,861,173)	\$	(3,946,615)	\$	(5,106,752)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2005			2006		2007	2008	
General Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	2,552,545	\$	2,750,401	\$	3,163,746	\$	3,514,859
Sales and other taxes		553,424		651,212		678,808		731,427
Franchise taxes		293,995		508,640		259,663		387,143
Alcoholic beverage taxes		3,533		3,147		2,798		3,311
Investment earnings		53,469		248,428		278,568		394,001
Other income		274,792		14,984		27,552		45,596
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		64,034		1,141		-		-
Special items		-		-		-		-
Transfers, net		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		3,795,792		4,177,953		4,411,135		5,076,337
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		167,088		39,961		110,018		157,476
Other Income		41,902		42,220		4,700		9,668
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		-		-		-		7,060
Special items		_		-		-		-
Transfers, net		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities		208,990	-	82,181		114,718		174,204
Total primary government	\$	4,004,782	\$	4,260,134	\$	4,525,853	\$	5,250,541
Change in Net Position								
Governmental activities	\$	1,545,745	\$	8,651,319	\$	(612,729)	\$	460,549
Business-type activities	•	3,237,029	•	3,853,588	•	(342,490)	•	129,825
Total primary government	\$	4,782,774	\$	12,504,907	\$	(955,219)	\$	590,374

	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
			_		_				_		
\$	3,726,270	\$	3,797,959	\$	3,762,727	\$	3,764,144	\$	3,770,807	\$	3,894,536
	710,195		759,577		739,093		752,800		866,055		994,460
	444,648		406,495		483,349		570,755		496,413		525,783
	3,609		3,459		3,192		3,098		4,116		5,745
	112,500		35,500		37,129		11,577		10,280		8,187
	42,642		19,839		6,791		145,622		102,460		180,712
	-		2,461		58,354		-		-		-
	-		-		1,601,389		-		-		-
	85,494		47,200		(1,659,610)		40,000		40,000		204,000
	5,125,358		5,072,490		5,032,414		5,287,996		5,290,131		5,813,423
	E1 700		16.250		22 579		7 (77		0.702		7.027
	51,708		16,259		33,578		7,677		9,703		7,037
	2,730		2,223		9,166		-		-		-
	-		1,381		(1.706.910)		-		-		-
	(OF 404)		(47.200)		(1,706,810)		(40,000)		(40,000)		(204,000)
	(85,494)		(47,200)		1,659,610		(40,000)		(40,000)		(204,000)
<u></u>	(31,056)	<u></u>	(27,337)	Φ.	(4,456)	Φ.	(32,323)	ф.	(30,297)	Φ.	(196,963)
\$	5,094,302	\$	5,045,153	\$	5,027,958	\$	5,255,673	\$	5,259,834	\$	5,616,460
\$	1,216,628	\$	(457,911)	\$	(379,138)	\$	(789,595)	\$	195,710	\$	449,168
	566,481		389,973		1,266,857		1,184,095		1,117,509		60,540
\$	1,783,109	\$	(67,938)	\$	887,719	\$	394,500	\$	1,313,219	\$	509,708

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2005	 2006	 2007	2008	
General fund:					
Reserved	\$ -	\$ 7,630	\$ 9,816	\$	230,000
Nonspendable	-	-	-		-
Committed	-	-	-		-
Unreserved	2,410,935	2,715,760	2,630,293		2,453,094
Unassigned	-	-	-		-
Total general fund	\$ 2,410,935	\$ 2,723,390	\$ 2,640,109	\$	2,683,094
All other governmental funds:					
Reserved	\$ 884,251	\$ 1,101,406	\$ 1,210,352	\$	919,619
Restricted	-	-	-		-
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	699,011	992,696	1,333,917		1,725,133
Capital projects funds	537,392	11,033	(1,272,997)		6,194,274
Assigned	-	-	-		-
Unassigned	-	 -	-		
Total all other governmental	 	 			
funds	\$ 2,120,654	\$ 2,105,135	\$ 1,271,272	\$	8,839,026

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2011.

2009		 2010	 2011		2012	 2013	2014	
\$	9,132 - - 1,760,597 - 1,769,729	\$ 12,007 - - 2,038,657 - 2,050,664	\$ 11,000 - 2,482,201 2,493,201	\$	6,720 11,000 - 2,380,554 2,398,274	\$ 13,410 11,000 - 2,545,423 2,569,833	\$	19,013 11,000 - 2,534,965 2,564,978
\$	1,492,263	\$ 1,224,566	\$ - 5,491,603	\$	- 5,555,525	\$ - 6,690,500	\$	- 19,981,226
	1,653,512 4,359,876 - -	1,948,523 4,077,618 - -	- - 92,758 -		- - 104,849 -	- - 107,915 -		- - 131,558 -
\$	7,505,651	\$ 7,250,707	\$ 5,584,361	\$	5,660,374	\$ 6,798,415	\$	20,112,784

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2005		2006		2007		2008
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	3,379,276	\$	3,863,094	\$	4,194,544	\$	4,665,869
Licenses and permits		277,728		287,814		242,760		376,404
Intergovernmental		103,344		119,913		183,249		237,935
Charges for services		80,168		49,073		111,828		25,776
Fines and forfeitures		69,256		97,706		63,711		47,842
Special assessments		57,329		112,192		42,455		15,499
Investment income		61,054		276,374		288,311		397,653
Other revenue		351,840		183,052		295,332		220,193
Total Revenues		4,379,995		4,989,218		5,422,190		5,987,171
Expenditures								
Administration		814,557		1,074,008		1,110,994		1,112,099
Highways and streets		189,084		273,730		753,069		385,222
Parks		175,002		149,324		241,029		174,385
Engineering and building inspection		176,990		300,154		330,352		464,099
Municipal court		104,567		112,883		98,849		82,268
Public safety		1,613,067		1,674,692		1,884,376		2,140,221
Economic development		2,698		227		-		12,984
Economic opportunity		2,998		127		5,000		6,202
Debt service								
Principal		296,959		277,783		355,060		577,938
Interest		238,750		271,250		271,074		704,191
Bond issuance costs		-		-		-		102,771
Capital outlay		72,809		559,245		1,289,531		1,038,444
Total Expenditures		3,687,481	-	4,693,423		6,339,334		6,800,824
Revenues over (under) expenditures		692,514		295,795		(917,144)		(813,653)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		263,278
Transfers (out)		-		-		-		(263,278)
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Discount on bonds issued		-		-		-		(130,093)
Premium on bonds issued		-		-		-		162,116
Debt issued		-		-		-		8,392,369
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	t	-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources		-		-		-		8,424,392
Special items				_				_
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	692,514	\$	295,795	\$	(917,144)	\$	7,610,739
· ·	Ψ	072,014	Ψ	270,170	Ψ	(/1/,144)	Ψ	7,010,707
Ratio of total debt service expenditures								
to noncapital expenditures		15%		13%		12%		24%

 2009	 2010	2011	 2012	2013	2014
\$ 4,847,760 129,832	\$ 5,015,072 160,568	\$ 4,946,164 133,627	\$ 4,997,248 247,002	\$ 5,146,045 293,488	\$ 5,441,572 394,519
735,123	240,290	246,703	223,971	205,204	1,211,232
69,779	94,694	98,495	105,415	103,513	117,496
56,907	43,467	52,107	39,016	48,829	37,511
25,267	19,219	13,611	11,284	15,504	20,651
121,090	50,204	48,356	11,577	10,280	8,187
 637,078	43,171	 300,225	140,650	 92,316	189,889
6,622,836	5,666,685	5,839,288	5,776,163	 5,915,179	7,421,057
965,693	868,210	925,233	940,172	956,640	1,030,082
257,256	592,398	310,584	307,928	361,169	410,568
78,711	133,050	189,515	133,073	133,338	150,219
404,487	429,663	354,838	399,720	495,373	409,396
89,384	84,535	86,400	61,577	51,263	50,923
2,544,061	2,215,536	2,648,686	2,275,336	2,415,348	2,643,877
355,286	5,146	6,620	67,345	44,850	121,007
8,119	4,258	3,809	2,857	46,108	28,687
608,947	617,745	533,864	789,852	606,244	822,747
712,808	739,814	798,546	428,911	396,836	430,307
-	-	32,230	-	25,017	87,555
3,151,084	-	-	500,582	806,680	3,772,108
9,175,836	5,690,355	5,890,325	5,907,353	6,338,866	9,957,476
(2,553,000)	(23,670)	(51,037)	(131,190)	(423,687)	(2,536,419)
1,379,045	334,052	93,083	40,000	40,000	1,339,657
(1,370,138)	(286,852)	(1,752,693)	-	-	-
-	2,461	58,883	-	-	-
-	-	(15,723)	-	-	-
-	-	163,962	-	89,116	301,276
297,353	-	2,536,500	-	3,254,037	14,205,000
-	-	(2,343,654)	-	(1,649,866)	-
306,260	49,661	(1,259,642)	40,000	1,733,287	15,845,933
-	 		(105,421)		
\$ (2,246,740)	\$ 25,991	\$ (1,310,679)	\$ (196,611)	\$ 1,309,600	\$ 13,309,514
22%	24%	23%	23%	18%	22%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	R	eal Property	Personal Property	Less: Tax Exempt Property	As	Total Taxable ssessed Value	 tal Direct ax Rate
2005	\$	744,970,755	\$ 34,460,535	\$ 47,628,791	\$	731,802,499	\$ 0.34330
2006		799,418,375	32,284,758	41,044,841		790,658,292	0.34330
2007		909,186,855	44,590,348	48,309,901		905,467,302	0.34330
2008		1,038,154,247	17,273,990	55,003,800		1,000,424,437	0.34330
2009		1,114,604,499	19,412,750	62,190,500		1,071,826,749	0.34330
2010		1,144,155,185	22,176,080	64,807,080		1,101,524,185	0.34330
2011		1,174,590,968	18,462,161	103,811,640		1,089,241,489	0.34330
2012		1,175,437,703	18,660,011	106,808,230		1,087,289,484	0.34330
2013		1,174,084,201	18,660,100	107,786,000		1,084,958,301	0.34330
2014		1,221,658,581	19,628,320	112,938,456		1,128,348,445	0.34330

Note: Tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuation. Source: City of Heath Budget Document. Rockwall Central Appraisal Districts.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008
Direct Rates:	_			
City of Heath - Operating	0.28640	0.27280	0.27860	0.27860
City of Heath - Debt Service	0.05690	0.07050	0.06470	0.06470
Total Direct Rate	0.34330	0.34330	0.34330	0.34330
Overlapping Rates:				
Rockwall Independent School District	1.88000	1.71000	1.47000	1.47000
Rockwall County	0.35070	0.35070	0.35070	0.35000
Kaufman County	0.54270	0.53770	0.56220	0.56150
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	3.1167	2.9417	2.7262	2.7248

Tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Source: Rockwall Central Appraisal Districts and City records.

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
0.27860	0.27860	0.27860	0.26360	0.26360	0.27360
0.06470	0.06470	0.06470	0.07970	0.07970	0.15300
0.34330	0.34330	0.34330	0.34330	0.34330	0.42660
1.47000	1.47000	1.47000	1.47000	1.46000	1.44000
0.37500	0.37500	0.38640	0.38640	0.39590	0.39590
0.55650	0.55650	0.55650	0.55650	0.55650	0.50220
2.7448	2.7448	2.7562	2.7562	2.7557	2.7647

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	 20	14		 2		
Property Tax Payer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value
SNH Medical Office Properties	\$ 5,957,600	1	0.548%	\$ -	n/a	-
Oncor Electric Delivery Co	5,755,280	2	0.529%	4,493,420	2	0.414%
BC Golf LTD	5,084,870	3	0.468%	3,319,720	3	0.306%
Paolucci, Raymond J	3,291,810	4	0.303%	-	n/a	-
Whittle Development Inc	2,799,890	5	0.258%	8,650,590	1	-
Rosenburg, James M	2,548,350	6	0.234%	-	n/a	-
Kirwan Revocable Living Trust	2,522,000	7	0.232%	-	n/a	-
TR Health Partners	2,471,630	8	0.227%	2,039,090	8	-
Corona Resources	2,424,140	9	0.223%	-	n/a	-
Knowlton, Larry & Tricia	2,291,220	10	0.211%	-	n/a	-
Cross, Diana I & David Alan	-	n/a	-	2,598,990	4	0.240%
Lighthouse Private School	-	n/a	-	2,341,480	5	0.216%
Kelldorf, mark	-	n/a	-	2,144,025	6	0.198%
Whittle, Robert S Etux	-	n/a	-	2,087,440	7	0.192%
Syvrud, James P & Mary Jean	-	n/a	-	1,851,510	9	0.171%
Kirwin, David & Patricia	-	n/a	-	1,661,260	10	0.153%
Total	\$ 35,146,790	=	3.23%	\$ 31,187,525	_	1.89%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 1,128,348,445	_	100%	\$ 731,802,499	_	100%

Source: Tax Office.

Note: Property is assessed as of January 1 and certified to the City by July 25 for taxable values.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Years

	2005	 2006	2007	 2008
Tax levy	\$ 2,517,346	\$ 2,731,312	\$ 3,120,793	\$ 3,442,488
Current tax collected	\$ 2,498,756	\$ 2,688,666	\$ 3,021,159	\$ 3,373,108
Percent of current tax collections	99.26%	98.44%	96.81%	97.98%
Delinquent tax collections	\$ 15,295	\$ 39,277	\$ 96,242	\$ 66,453
Total tax collections	\$ 2,514,051	\$ 2,727,943	\$ 3,117,401	\$ 3,439,561
Total collections as a percentage of levy	100%	100%	100%	100%

Source: Rockwall Central Appraisal District

 2009	2010	2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
\$ 3,666,601	\$ 3,752,365	\$ 3,738,632	\$ 3,724,689	\$ 3,722,360	\$ 3,873,618
\$ 3,603,302	\$ 3,709,041	\$ 3,673,075	\$ 3,684,359	\$ 3,686,271	\$ 3,844,606
98.27%	98.85%	98.25%	98.9%	99.0%	99.3%
\$ 60,076	\$ 39,023	\$ 56,936	\$ 31,473	\$ 24,122	\$ -
\$ 3,663,378	\$ 3,748,064	\$ 3,730,011	\$ 3,715,832	\$ 3,710,393	\$ 3,844,606
100%	99.9%	99.8%	99.8%	99.7%	99.3%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Years

		2005	2006	2007	2008
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,495,000	\$ 2,340,000	\$ 2,175,000	\$ 2,005,000
Certificates of Obligation		4,258,750	4,142,500	4,004,750	11,915,285
Capital Leases		-	-	-	-
Notes Payable		-	-	-	-
Business-type activities:					
General Obligation Bonds		1,006,566	973,236	939,906	904,910
Certificates of Obligation		7,831,250	7,532,500	7,221,250	11,754,715
Total primary government	\$	15,591,566	14,988,236	14,340,906	26,579,910
Percentage of personal income (1)		5.41%	4.75%	4.42%	7.57%
Per capita (1)	\$	1,374	\$ 1,207	\$ 1,121	\$ 2,156

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Personal income and population data is disclosed on page 108.

 2009	2010	2011		2012	 2013	 2014
\$ 1,830,000	\$ 1,625,000	\$ 2,955,000	\$	2,530,000	\$ 3,915,000	\$ 3,490,000
11,457,516	10,987,884	7,176,457		6,888,508	6,652,956	21,693,106
-	-	251,263		202,684	154,627	104,868
271,534	244,052	216,607		188,258	159,057	128,017
868,246	829,917	789,921		748,333	705,000	660,000
11,252,484	10,732,116	11,658,542		10,986,492	16,812,044	14,876,894
25,679,780	 24,418,969	 23,047,790	_	21,544,275	 28,398,684	 40,952,885
7.04%	6.46%	5.25%		4.41%	5.60%	9.07%
\$ 2,094	\$ 1,978	\$ 1,564	\$	1,377	\$ 1,457	\$ 3,153

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Years

		2005		2006		2007		2008
NET TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE All property	\$	731,802,499	\$	790,658,292	\$	905,467,302	\$	1,000,424,437
NET BONDED DEBT (1) Gross bonded debt		7,760,316		7,455,736		7,119,656		14,825,195
Less debt service funds Net Bonded Debt	<u>r</u>	7 7(0 21(<u>r</u>	7 455 726	<u>r</u>	7 110 (5(<u></u>	14 925 105
Net Bonded Debt	Þ	7,760,316	\$	7,455,736	\$	7,119,656	\$	14,825,195
RATIO OF NET BONDED DEBT								
TO ASSESSED VALUE		1.06%		0.94%		0.79%		1.48%
POPULATION		5,650		6,177		6,350		6,875
NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA	\$	1,374	\$	1,207	\$	1,121	\$	2,156

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ This is the general bonded debt of both governmental and business-type activities, net of original issuance discounts and premiums.

 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014
\$ 1,071,826,749	\$ 1,101,524,185	\$ 1,089,241,489	\$ 1,087,289,484	\$ 1,084,958,301	\$ 1,128,348,445
14,155,762	13,442,801	10,921,378	10,166,841	11,272,956	25,843,106
\$ 14,155,762	\$ 13,442,801	\$ 10,921,378	\$ 10,166,841	\$ 11,272,956	\$ 25,843,106
1.32%	1.22%	1.00%	0.94%	1.04%	2.29%
6,890	6,921	7,284	7,667	7,953	8,271
\$ 2,055	\$ 1,942	\$ 1,499	\$ 1,326	\$ 1,417	\$ 3,125

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT September 30, 2014

Governmental Unit		Net Bonded Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Debt repaid with property taxes						
Rockwall Independent School District	\$	337,278,257	16.74%	\$	56,463,753	
Rockwall County		103,989,525	14.25%		14,820,587	
Kaufman County		49,592,499	0.00%		1,476	
Subtotal, overlapping debt					71,285,816	
City direct debt					25,415,991	
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	96,701,807	

Sources: Rockwall ISD, Rockwall County, Kaufman County

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Estimated Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	School Enrollment Rockwall	Unemployment Rate
				ISD	Rockwall County
2005	5,650	288,426,850	51,049	2,083	3.8%
2006	6,177	315,329,673	51,049	3,116	4.5%
2007	6,350	324,161,150	51,049	3,696	4.0%
2008	6,875	350,961,875	51,049	4,163	4.0%
2009	6,890	364,997,750	52,975	4,271	4.8%
2010	6,921	377,762,022	54,582	4,313	6.7%
2011	7,284	438,766,308	60,237	4,235	7.2%
2012	7,667	488,449,236	63,708	4,294	5.5%
2013	7,953	506,669,724	63,708	4,283	6.1%
2014	8,271	451,571,787	54,597	4,539	5.5%

Sources: Estimated population provided by the State Department of Planning.

Per Capita Income provided by the State Department of Commerce and Labor.

Rockwall Independent School District

Unemployment information provided by the data.bls.gov

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

		2014			2005	}
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total County			of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Rockwall ISD	1,365	1	6.70%	1,350	1	8.71%
Lake Pointe Medical Center	700	2	3.43%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Texas Health Presbyterian Hospi	592	3	2.90%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Wal-Mart Superstore	450	4	2.21%	450	3	2.90%
Texas Star Express Transport	300	5	2.21%	484	2	
County of Rockwall	253	6	1.24%	205	4	1.61%
City of Rockwall	205	7	1.01%	205	4	1.29%
Special Products & Manufacturir	205	8	1.01%	205	4	1.29%
Target	200	9	0.98%	200	7	1.10%
Rockwall Nursing Home	160	10	0.79%	150	8	0.97%
Kohl's Department Store	-	n/a	0.69%	140	9	
Home Depot	-	n/a	-	130	10	2.58%
Total	4,430		23%	3,519		20%

Source: Top ten employers and employee count provided by Rockwall Economic Development Corporation.

City of Heath, Texas

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General government and administration	7	6	6.5	<i>7</i> .5	<i>7</i> .5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6	5
Public safety	15	14	16	20	21	19	19	19	19	19
Public works	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	4	5	5
Culture and recreation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water and sewer Total	28	10 37	11 40	11 46	11 47	9 40	9 41	9 39	10 41	9 39

Sources: Various City departments.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008
General government	_			
Building permits issued	-	106	142	99
Building inspections conducted	-	905	597	698
Public safety				
Police				
Physical arrests	-	80	84	53
Burglary	-	23	23	38
Robbery	-	1	-	-
Theft	-	82	82	54
Traffic violations	-	112	170	189
Fire				
Emergency responses	-	151	253	316
Fires extinguished	-	6	9	9
Inspections	-	24	30	48
Public works				
Streets (feet)	-	57,200	6,936	103,400
Potholes repaired	-	750	770	800
Water				
New connections	-	198	171	174
Average annual consumption				
(thousands of gallons)	-	575	402	460
Wastewater				
Average daily sewage treatment				
(thousands of gallons)	-	-	317	317

Sources: Various City departments.

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
40	35	31	47	64	71
800	721	721	921	911	1224
58	43	22	168	137	71
14	32	16	24	16	5
-	-	-	1	-	-
48	50	31	82	86	86
147	185	303	330	331	309
4.40	-10			4.00	
149	210	225	173	169	143
7	10	25	11	5	3
52	60	60	52	69	4
88,000	270,000	-	-	-	1,370
800	800	800	800	100	200
126	90	94	103	115	100
460	440	491	487	474	371
310	390	312	377	255	284
010	570	0.12		200	201

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008
Public safety				
Police stations	-	1	1	1
Police patrol units	-	12	12	12
Fire engines	-	3	3	3
Public works				
Streets (miles)	-	146	146	146
Cultural and recreational				
Acreage	-	71	71	71
Playgrounds (1)	-	1	1	1
Baseball/Softball fields	-	1	1	1
Soccer/Football fields		3	3	3
Community centers	-	1	1	1
Water and sewer				
Water mains (miles)	-	50	50	50
Fire hydrants	-	143	163	183
Wastewater				
Sanitary sewers (miles)	-	61	61	61
Storm sewers (miles)	-	12	12	12

Sources: Various City departments.

(1) Does not include HOA playgrounds.

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1	1	1	1	1	1
12	12	12	12	12	12
3	3	3	3	3	3
175	175	175	175	175	176
71	94	94	94	94	94
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1	1
52	52	54	54	55	55
199	199	223	223	229	229
61	61	61	61	62	62
12	12	14	14	14	14